

Fidelity Global Emerging Markets Fund

(Managed Fund) ASX: FEMX

Monthly report

As at 31/05/2022

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Fund description

Invests in a portfolio of 30 to 50 emerging markets securities that we believe are positioned to generate returns through market cycles and have demonstrated a track record of strong corporate governance.

Fund facts

ASX Code: FEMX

Portfolio manager: Amit Goel / Punam

Sharma

Benchmark: MSCI Emerging Markets

Index NR

Inception date: 29/10/2018
Fund size: AU\$198.21M
Number of stocks: 30 to 50
Management cost: 0.99% p.a.
iNAV tickers: RIC FEMXAUiv.P
Bloomberg Code: FEMXIV Index

Portfolio guidelines

Stocks: Max 8% at initiation of position

Sector: Unconstrained **Region:** Unconstrained **Country:** Unconstrained

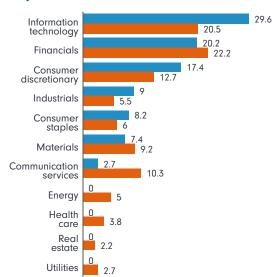
Frontier Markets: Up to 20% maximum **Cash:** Target range between 0-10%

Top 10 holdings (%)		
top to meranige (10)	Fund	B'mark
Taiwan Semiconductor MFG Co Ltd	7.8	6.5
China Mengniu Dairy Co	4.8	0.2
HDFC Bank Ltd	4.6	0.0
AIA Group Ltd	4.6	0.0
First Quantum Minerals Ltd	4.0	0.0
Bank Central Asia Tbk Pt	3.6	0.5
Sk Hynix Inc	3.4	0.7
Infosys Ltd	3.2	1.0
Zhongsheng Group Holdings Ltd	3.0	0.1
Li Ning Co Ltd	3.0	0.3

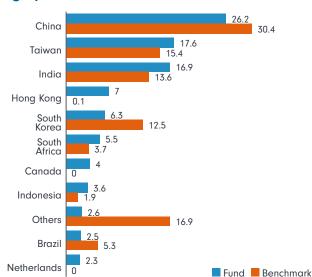
Performance %					3 yrs	5 yrs	Since Inception p.a
	1 mth	3 mth	6 mth	1 yr	p.a.	p.a.	(29/10/2018)
Fidelity Global Emerging Markets Fund (Managed Fund) ASX: FEMX	-0.56	-9.34	-14.02	-12.74	8.24	-	12.11
MSCI Emerging Markets Index NR	-0.50	-6.22	-11.15	-13.49	3.79	-	5.97
Excess return	-0.06	-3.12	-2.87	0.75	4.45	-	6.14

Total net returns represent past performance only. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future performance. The Fund is subject to the risk of stock market fluctuations. Total returns (net) have been calculated using the net asset value of the Fund from one period to the next. The returns include any re-invested distributions and are after fees and expenses. No allowance has been made for taxation. For periods of less than one-year returns are not annualised. Returns of the Fund can be volatile and in some periods may be negative. The return of capital is not guaranteed.

Industry breakdown %



Geographic breakdown %



Units in Fidelity Global Emerging Markets Fund (Managed Fund) (ASX:FEMX) are available for trading on the ASX. For further information, please visit fidelity.com.au or call Client Services on 1800 044 922.

Monthly report

Market performance

Emerging markets (EM) delivered negative returns in the first quarter of 2022. At the start of the year, equities were sold-off as investors braced for the US Federal Reserve's (Fed) more aggressive policy stance and given signs of persistent inflation. This was reflected in the weaker performance of high growth stocks. Subsequently, Russia's invasion of Ukraine and higher inflation on the back of surging commodity prices dented investor appetite. The West announced a series of increasingly severe sanctions against Russian businesses and individuals, including freezing the assets of Russia's central bank to prevent it from using foreign currency reserves. Some Russian banks are being removed from the international financial messaging system Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Communications (SWIFT), which is used to transfer money across borders. The Russian ruble slumped to record lows against the US dollar. To offset the increased risk of ruble depreciation and inflation, the Russian central bank raised interest rates from 9.5% to 20%. However, during the closing days of the quarter, the ruble strengthened, boosted by oil and gas revenues, peace talks between Russia and Ukraine, and central bank intervention. Within emerging Asia, Chinese equities declined amid the evolving COVID-19 situation and concerns over delisting of Chinese American Depository Receipts (ADR). Chinese internet companies were negatively impacted by persistent regulatory pressure on the sector. Αt regional level, Latin outperformed the broader emerging market universe and the developed world. Investors were attracted to cheap valuations, while the resource rich nature of the region provided an alternative to Russia, which was rendered uninvestable due to the war. Higher commodity prices benefited the currency and further

improved current accounts, enhancing the attractiveness of the region. From a style perspective, markets continued to witness a rotation from growth stocks into value names, although both edged lower. Barring financials and materials, all sectors fell.

Fund performance

The strategy's underperformance was against a backdrop of extreme uncertainty: the war in Ukraine, global spiraling inflation and China regulatory overhang were amongst the factors that contributed to volatile conditions. At the country level, stock picking in China hampered relative returns.

The holding in clothing manufacturer Shenzhou International Group declined as investors remained wary of near-term COVID-19 impact on its operations and the slow production capacity recovery in Vietnam. Elsewhere, SKSHU Paint sold off due to margin pressures amid raw material price inflation.

Stock picking in financials was the top detractor from relative performance. Here much of the underperformance came from Russian holding TCS Group. The stock was impacted by the selloff but has not been sanctioned; its London listing provided a means to reduce Russia risk, and we fully exited the position. Not holding many of the cheaper, lower quality banks in EM, were also a detractor to performance, as the growth to value rotation continued.

The Fund's copper holdings First Quantum Minerals and Southern Copper were among the key contributors. Copper will likely benefit given the accelerated move to electric vehicle/alternative energy in case of persistent higher oil prices. We remain biased towards copper producers as our view on copper is underpinned by supply constraint and the move towards a greener economy. Demand is not matched by supply, providing a more favourable backdrop.

Outlook

Russia's invasion of Ukraine has reshaped the geopolitical and economic outlook. While it is difficult to predict the outcome, a long, drawnout war appears likely. Russia and Ukraine accounted for just 1.8% and 0.1%, respectively, of world GDP in 2021, however; the two countries play a significant role in production of oil, natural gas, fertilisers, soft commodities like wheat and corn, metals such as aluminium, nickel, titanium, palladium, iron, and steel. A lengthy impasse between the two nations will probably spark an extended commodity crisis and high prices, resulting in significant stress on consumers.

Central banks across the globe are determined to tighten policy to prevent the deanchoring of inflation expectations, pushing concerns about downside growth risks to the side for now. It is worth noting that in EM, central banks hiked rates proactively from 2021, providing some scope for easing if inflation peaks and starts to fall.

Certain emerging markets will find it difficult, but commodity producers might be relatively well buffered. The resource rich nature of the region leaves it well placed to benefit in a strong commodity price environment. This augers well for countries such as Brazil, South Africa and the Middle East.

China has suffered due to regulatory overhang, risk of delisting of US-listed Chinese stocks (ADRs), and more recently remergence of COVID-19, and may continue to experience slowdown in the near-term, but the downcycle can offer up opportunity to buy good businesses in beaten down sectors, and we should be encouraged by China's ability and willingness to ease through accommodative policy.

At the outset of 2022, Emerging markets had experienced the most significant derating of the last decade, today the asset class offers up good value and a diverse opportunity set.

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