

Annual General Meeting

29 October 2009





Board of Directors

- Mr Tom Collins
 Chairman and director since October 2005
- Mr Kenneth Stout
 Founding director since November 2003
- Mr John Elfverson
 Director since August 2005
- Mr Reub Hayes
 Director since February 2009



Agenda

- Chairman's report
 Financial results and capital management
- Formal items of business4 Items
- Investment Manager's report
 Investment performance and portfolio management



Chairman's address





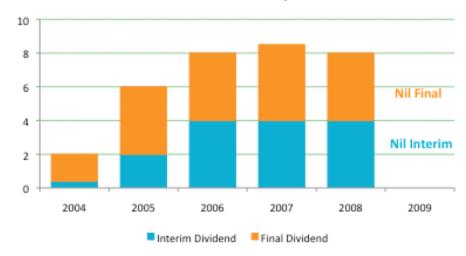
Capital management

- More than 4,000 shareholders post buy-back Majority of remaining shareholders are retail investors
- Market capitalization of \$68.4m
 Middle of the pack in the LIC universe
- Investment management fee calculated as % of FUM Reduces proportionately with size of the Company



Financial performance

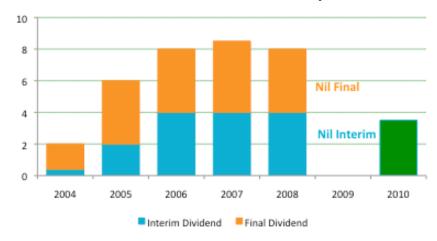
- Loss for 2008/2009 financial year \$39.4m
- Nil dividend for 2008/2009





Interim dividend

- Profit for quarter ended 30 September 2009 \$13m
- > Interim dividend of 3.5c per share, payable January 2010





Future dividends

Policy

It is the Company's policy to pay out the majority of realized investment earnings after tax and expenses to shareholders as dividends over the extended market cycle.

Considerations

The Board seeks to set the dividend at a level it believes to be sustainable.

Accounting rules and corporate regulations.



Proactive capital management

- On-market buy-back in place until August 2010 Approved in August this year
- Shareholder briefings and adviser meetings Six monthly schedule

Communication plays a vital role in influencing the long-term relationship between the Company's shareholder base, its share price and hence its share price to NTA.



Premium benefits

Diversification

Meaningful diversification delivers competitive returns with reduced volatility.

Expert Management

Treasury Group has a strong track record in selecting successful investment managers.

Liquid and easy to manage

The simplicity of a listed diversified investment.







Item 1 Financial statements and reports

"To receive and consider the Financial Report, the Director's Report and the Auditor's Report for the year ended 30 June 2009"



Item 2 Election of Mr Reubert Hayes

"That Mr Reubert Hayes, a Director who is offering himself for election be elected as a Director of the Company"

Proxies have been received in respect of the resolution as follows:

| In favour | Against | Abstention | Proxy's Discretion |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------------------|
| 6,066,666 | 471,301 | 139,389 | 2,156,222 |



Item 3 Re-election of Mr John Elfverson

"That Mr John Elfverson, a Director retiring by rotation in accordance with the constitution and offering himself for re-election be re-elected as a Director of the Company"

Proxies have been received in respect of the resolution as follows:

| In favour | Against | Abstention | Proxy's Discretion |
|-----------|---------|------------|--------------------|
| 6,072,994 | 465,106 | 132,114 | 2,163,364 |



Item 4 Adoption of remuneration report

"To adopt the remuneration report forming part of the Director's Report for the financial year ended 30 June 2009"

Proxies have been received in respect of the resolution as follows:

| In favour | Against | Abstention | Proxy's Discretion |
|-----------|-----------|------------|--------------------|
| 4,342,473 | 1,975,277 | 511,606 | 2,004,222 |



Investment update - October 2009

David Cooper, Treasury Group Investment Committee.





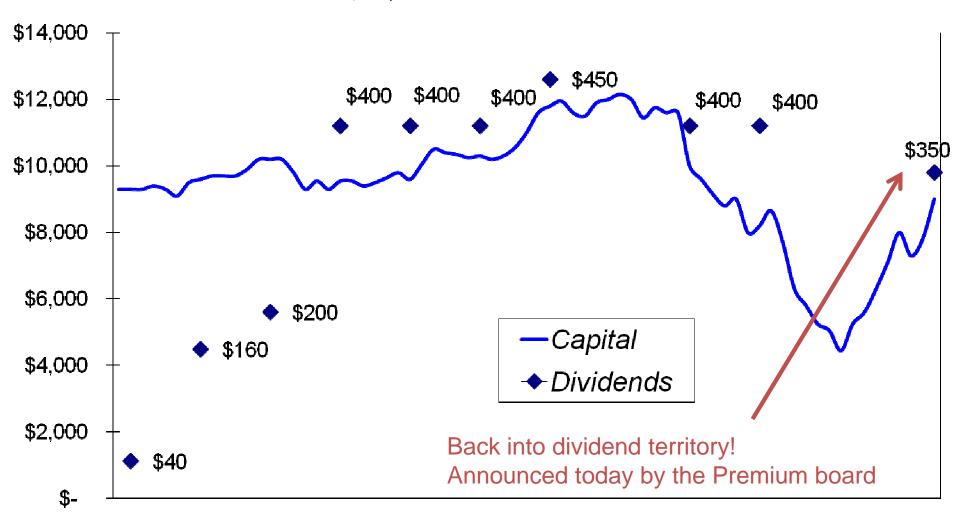
Contents

- 1. Performance report card
- 2. Asset allocation
 - a) country + cash
 - b) manager and style
 - c) changes in the past 12 months
 - d) versus world markets size
- 3. Economic landscape
- 4. News and themes from the front line
- 5. Investment road map



History

\$10,000 invested at the float in November 2003





Performance report card

| As at 30 September 2009 | 1 Year (%) | Notes |
|---|------------|--|
| Premium portfolio | 1.77 | Below target, mostly impacted by global value investors and infrastructure stocks. |
| Long term benchmark (5yr Gov bond + 3%) | 7.38 | |
| Treasury Asia Asset Mgt | 9.45 | Strong rebound in Asian markets |
| Investors Mutual | 8.67 | |
| Orion Asset Management | 3.25 | |
| Cannae Capital Partners | 0.93 | Conservative portfolio |
| RARE Infrastructure | -3.91 | Infrastructure stocks performed well relative to global benchmarks but poorly versus the Australian market. Under review |
| Global Value Investors | -9.78 | Disappointing. Stock selection was very conservative. Under review |



Performance report card

Improvement needed

Better use of the combined intelligence to produce improved investment performance

A more active approach to underperformance

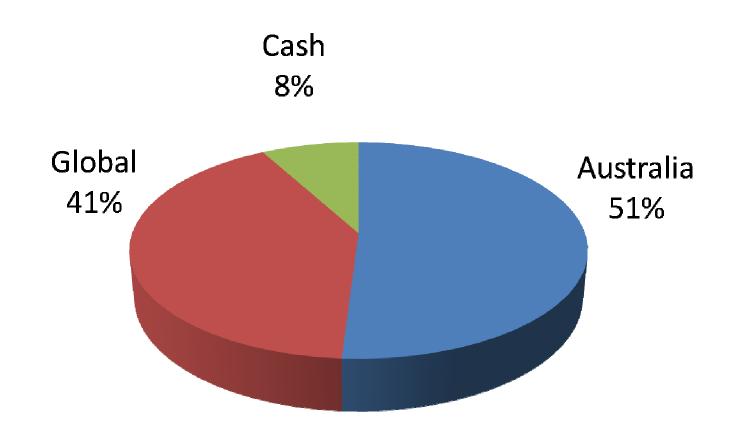
Reporting to shareholders on investment strategy

Marketing the company to encourage the share price to trade near the NTA

Stronger advisory role to the Premium board on capital management strategies



Asset allocation















Australian





Value

International

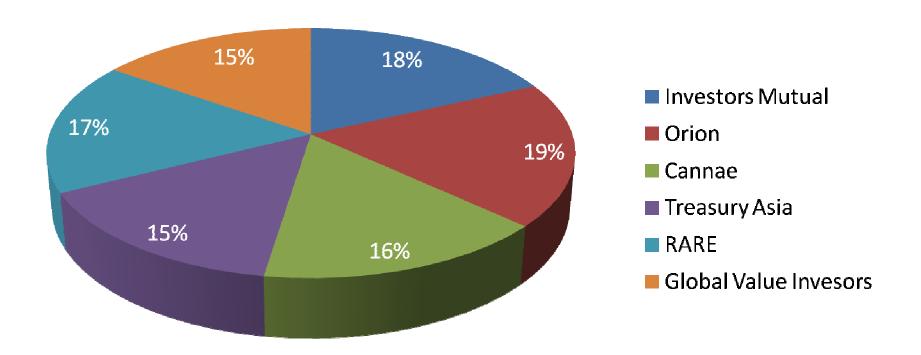






Asset allocation - manager

As at August 2009

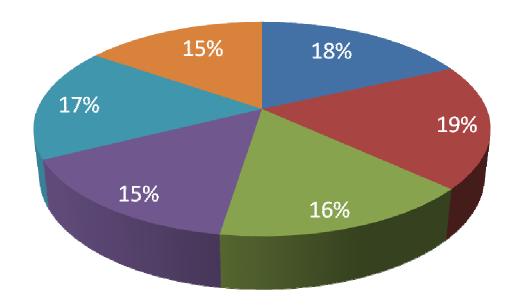




Asset allocation - style

As at August 2009

- Australian equities "Value" Australian equities "Growth"
- Australian equities "Value" Asian equities
- Global listed infastructure
 Global equities "Value"





Asset allocation – major global markets

| Region | Weight in the MSCI | Premium Investors |
|---------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| USA | 48% | 11% |
| Japan | 11% | 0% |
| Europe | 21% | 14% |
| Asia ex Japan | 2% | 22% |
| Australia | 3% | 47% |

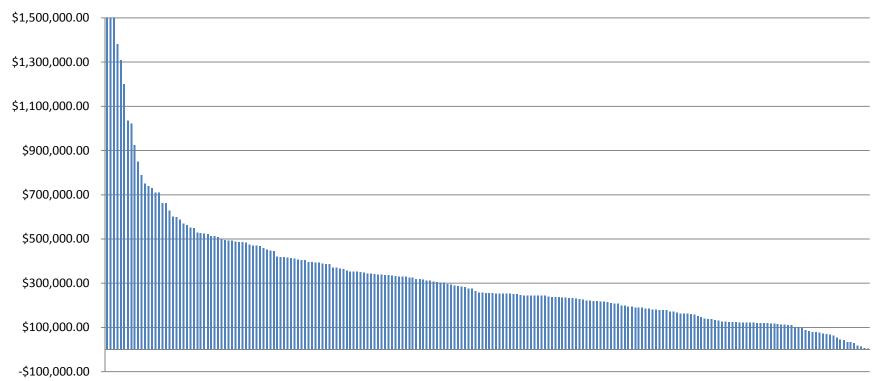
- ✓ Positioned away from mature markets
- ✓ Positioned towards emerging economies and Australia



Asset allocation – Stock diversification

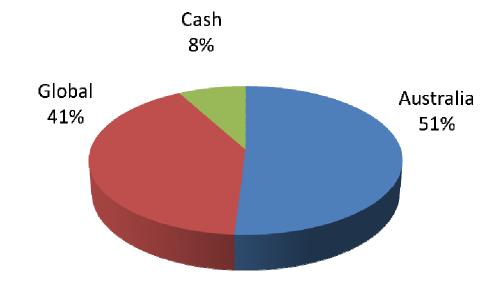
Over 40,000 companies listed worldwide. Premium portfolio holds 218 of these.

Investment per company





Asset allocation summary



15%

17%

15%

18%

16%













MI INVESTORS

19%



Asset allocation summary

- 1. Globally diversified
- 2. Strong bias to Australian and Asian markets
 - 3. Diversified by manager and style
 - Next Economic landscape



Economic landscape

- X Global credit crisis
- X Stock markets crash >50%
- ✓ Unprecedented government spending and close to 0% interest rates
- ✓ Markets jolted back to life

Observations

Consumers and companies are in a deleveraging cycle

Demographics are strong in Asia with a fast growing middle class consumer

US under pressure with record debt, high unemployment, and a mature economy

Europe has similarities with the USA

Japan has an ageing population and economy in limbo

Australian economy on the long road to recovery

Early investment during a recovery a key decision for investors



Economic landscape

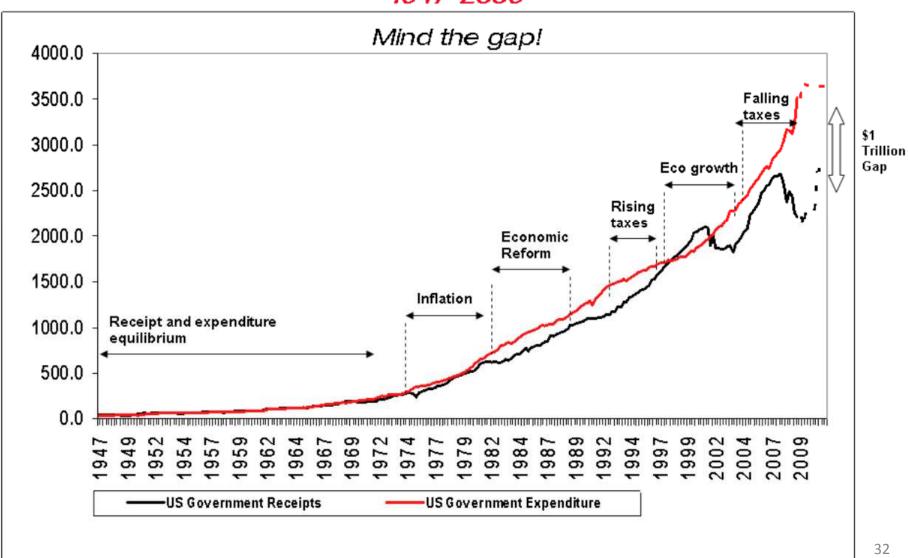
The risks / concerns

- X US <u>unemployment</u> and <u>debt</u> drags the economy back down
- X Is Chinese growth too reliant on government spending and bank lending?
- X How much government spending is ending up in production v share prices?

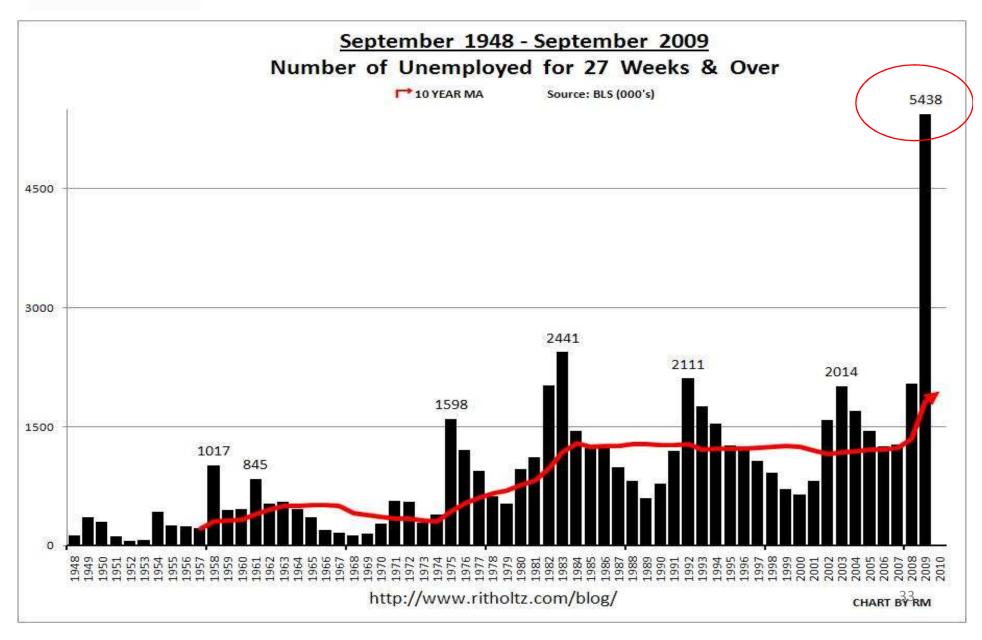


Economic landscape

1947-2009









News and themes from the front line

Major themes:

- Developing markets dominate investment opportunities
- Volatility remains high
- ➤ Multiple investment opportunities after a turbulent 2008/09



From the front line - Australia



Current view

Fiscal stimulus is working: recovery is underway

Demand for increased production has not yet materialised

A slow recovery - Stimulus will stay and deleveraging will continue

Historical recoveries have favored small-cap and value stocks



From the front line - Australia





View

Amcor has been a recent strong performer.

Amcor's intention to buy Alcan packaging from Rio Tinto is at an attractive price with significant synergies.

Amcor is typical of the type of company IML likes to invest in for Premium Investors. It is a quality company, with stable growing earnings, a solid balance sheet and excellent management.



From the front line - Australia





Multinational company

Amcor is a leading global packaging manufacturer offering a broad range of plastic, fibre, metal and glass packaging products, along with packaging-related services

\$9.5 billion annual sales (A\$)

21,000 employees worldwide across 34 countries

A stable, well run company



From the front line - Australia









From the front line - Australia



Other companies held by IML for Premium Investors:

- ➤ Westpac
- > Telstra
- > IAG
- > NAB
- > Transurban
- > Crown
- > TABCORP





Strong positive view

US consumer demand will remain subdued for the next 5-10 years due to the imposition of taxes required to fund the enormous deficit

The short term recovery is likely to be V shaped

While we would concede that hard commodity prices have probably run ahead of fundamentals,

- A. the resilience of the BRIC economies combined with
- B. a sharp US recovery

equates to robust economic growth which would support prices at these higher levels





Interest rates

Since the Federal Reserve will keep short rates low until unemployment falls decisively, this cheap source of finance will support (resource intensive) infrastructure growth in the developing BRIC economies for some time.

Within the next 2-3 years the cost of the US bail out package will be reflected in long term US bond yields and the US dollar.

China is already reducing its purchases of government paper, preferring, quite rightly in our opinion, to invest its foreign reserves in stakes in **resource companies**, **agricultural assets** and **gold bullion**. The strong gold price is signalling the risk associated with holding US paper.



The New York Times

March 13 2009

BEIJING — The Chinese premier Wen Jiabao expressed concern on Friday about the safety of China's \$1 trillion investment in American government debt, the world's largest such holding, and urged the Obama administration to provide assurances that its investment would keep its value in the face of a global financial crisis.







Investment implications

Central bankers are fully aware that the only cure for bad loans and overgeared private and public balance sheets is the promotion of inflation.

Real assets such as commodities, bulk materials, farmland and property will be in demand as a way of maintaining real wealth.

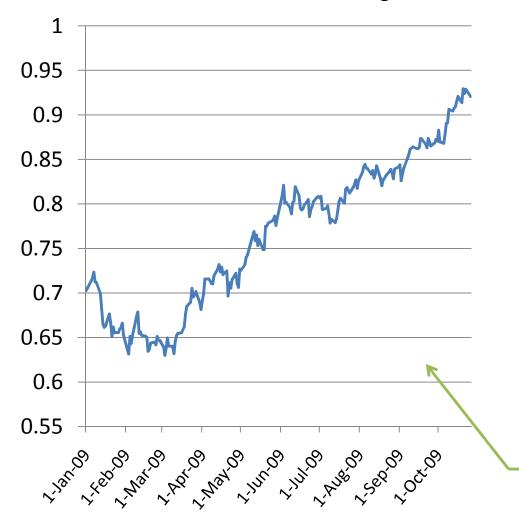
In this environment, we are inclined to maintain low exposures to high yield equities such as utilities, banks and telecommunications.

As the market divulges this dynamic, *natural resource companies are likely* to show renewed leadership as the equity rally transpires into 2010.





Australian dollar / US Dollar exchange rate



Australia - strong

The domestic economy is in a relatively strong condition.

We are witnessing a rapid recovery in the prices of property "due to the underbuild of recent years coupled with rising rents sharpening investor arithmetic".

Recent clearance rates, volumes and house prices have continued to improve.

The stimulatory impact of increases in household wealth on consumer spending patterns cannot be overemphasised. For retailers, this development, in conjunction with lower import prices due to a firmer Australian dollar, is a bonanza.





Update

Sentiment has swung from "impending depression" to "rapid recovery"

The market is ignoring the deleveraging headwinds

Defensive companies sold down opens a buying opportunity for Cannae and trim holdings in companies that have become fully priced



Asia-ex Japan over 20% of the Premium portfolio

We are strong believers in the emergence of Asia as one of the fastest and reliable growth regions in the world

The surging middle class a key ingredient to growth

The overall demographic trends relative to mature economies

The banking system is developing

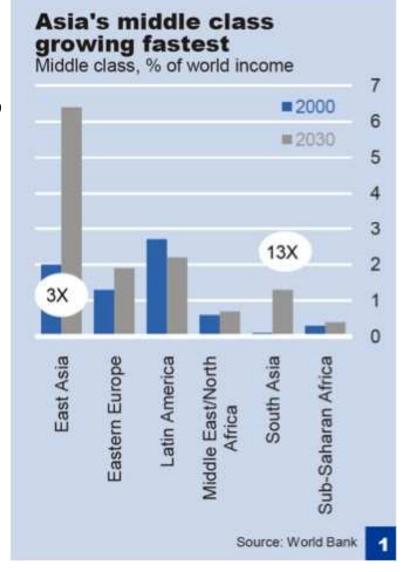
Asian currencies appear undervalued



Asia-ex Japan

REUTERS INDIA

"Since 2000, China and India combined have added more than 59 million people per year to the global middle class....representing over 75 percent of the world's increase in this group"







Sector view

After the 75% gain since November 2008, we expect a short period of consolidation in Asian markets

We remain long-term bullish on Asia, particularly from a relative point of view

The Asian weight in global indices is moving towards its share of global nominal GDP of approx 20% - ride this long-term wave

The next leg of the Asian bull market to be driven by Asia's superior growth and bottom-up fundamentals

The unprecedented rally since late 2008 has largely been macro driven (i.e. economic growth did not collapse completely). Going forward bottom-up stock selection will be much more crucial – which should suit our investment style





Review and stock selection

Cyclicals like the shipping and steel sectors are higher by 150% from their November lows

It is unlikely cyclicals can continue to outperform going forward - we recently reduced exposure

We find a number of large cap Asian names attractive such as Samsung Electronics, TSMC, ICBC, Hutchison and Bank of China HK

Indian stocks are 20% overvalued - we patiently await opportunities to get exposure at more attractive levels





Country view – overweight positions

Taiwan:

Improving cross straits links with China – relationship best since the 2nd World War. China allowing investment into Taiwan will create an asset inflation similar to HK since 2001. Taiwan continues to be our favorite domestic reflation play due to massive underinvestment in local infrastructure over past 20 years

Korea:

Korea has built significant global brand names. At the same time, China has given Korean consumer brand names strong top-line growth as the Chinese consumer prefers Asian related brands which they feel they are affiliated with. Cheap valuations due to over-concern on the Korean peninsula tensions present good buying opportunity





Country view – underweight positions

India:

India has limited ability to act on its monetary policy (due to its fiscal and current account constraints) and funds flow has weakened considerably since corporate governance issues were raised post the Satyam scandal. We are also experiencing difficulty finding any mis-priced bottom-up buy ideas in India. However we acknowledge the strong long-term potential for this market

Malaysia:

We are unable to find one bottom-up idea that is strong enough to make the portfolio. Despite the lack of growth drivers, Malaysia trades at a premium to the region. Politics is likely to take the limelight since the change of Prime Minister in Mar-09





Sector view

Technology: The lack of growth drivers (killer applications) since 2001 has led to significant underinvestment by corporates in technology. However they are finally ready to invest again with Microsoft Windows 7 launch, touch panels, LED TVs etc. It is a neglected sector since 2002 which will attract interest once earnings accelerate

Selected Banks: We are positive on selected banks primarily on Taiwan and Hong Kong. The liberalisation of RMB lending and deposit taking which are only limited to HK banks will provide a growth driver for HK banks that has been lacking since 1998. With the cross straits links with China, Taiwanese banks are big beneficiaries both from being acquired and potential of expanding their footprint in China

Rural / Fertilizers: Significant support from government to bridge the rural / urban income gap. Shift in earning power over next 5 years. This remains our long term structural view on Asia





Update

Poor performance over the past 12 months was due to the narrow rally in global stocks

Stocks that rose strongly that GVI had low or no exposure were IT, financials and materials

IT usually pay low dividends and financials actually suspended dividends

The bounce in these sectors was due to them being oversold. Despite this GVI avoided them while the dividends were scarce

GVI does not see any justification to switch into these sectors now due to their inferior balance sheets





A view on Japanese shares

Very low dividend paying stocks

Most companies are less competitive

Management is less competitive

The big German car makers not going to the Tokyo motor show but all go to the Shanghai motor show!

Long term most favoured sectors globally

Energy

Agriculture / food





Global listed infrastructure

In 2008 - defensive

Defensive holdings

Increase exposure to electrical, gas and other essential utilities





In 2009

Positive on global economy

Increase exposure to user pays assets like railways, ports and toll roads

Greater exposure to emerging markets











Outlook

Growth may surprise on the upside as inventory restocking occurs

Corporate cash flows strengthening – increased confidence

Deleveraging will slow growth over the medium term

Emerging markets to do better than developed markets due to lower debt







Views from the renowned Dr Marc Faber:

The liquidity created by unprecedented stimulus has found its way into asset prices not into plant and equipment

Expect the US to keep interest rates very low

Americans are spending less

The baby boomers are beginning to retire – they spend less except for healthcare where they spend more!

Cash and the US dollar are poor investments

Buy Asian currencies and Asian stocks

Gold and precious metals should perform well

Use any weakness in the market to increase selective equity exposure







| Dead ends | Open road |
|--|---|
| Companies whose market share is under pressure | Blue chip companies growing market share |
| High debt companies with depleted revenue | Companies tapping into the developing economies |
| Companies who made expensive acquisitions at the height of the bull market | Innovative companies growing market share from old incumbents |
| Good companies but over priced or suffer from regulatory pressure | Misunderstood companies trading at bargain prices |
| | Companies operating in growing economies |



Road map – strategic moves under consideration for Premium Investors



On the drawing board

Increase exposure to growth areas

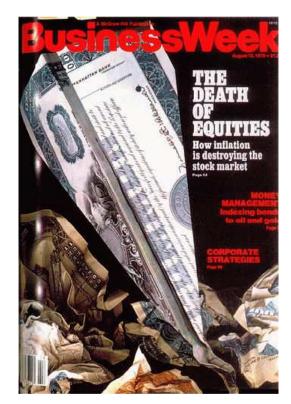
Lower exposure to defensive assets

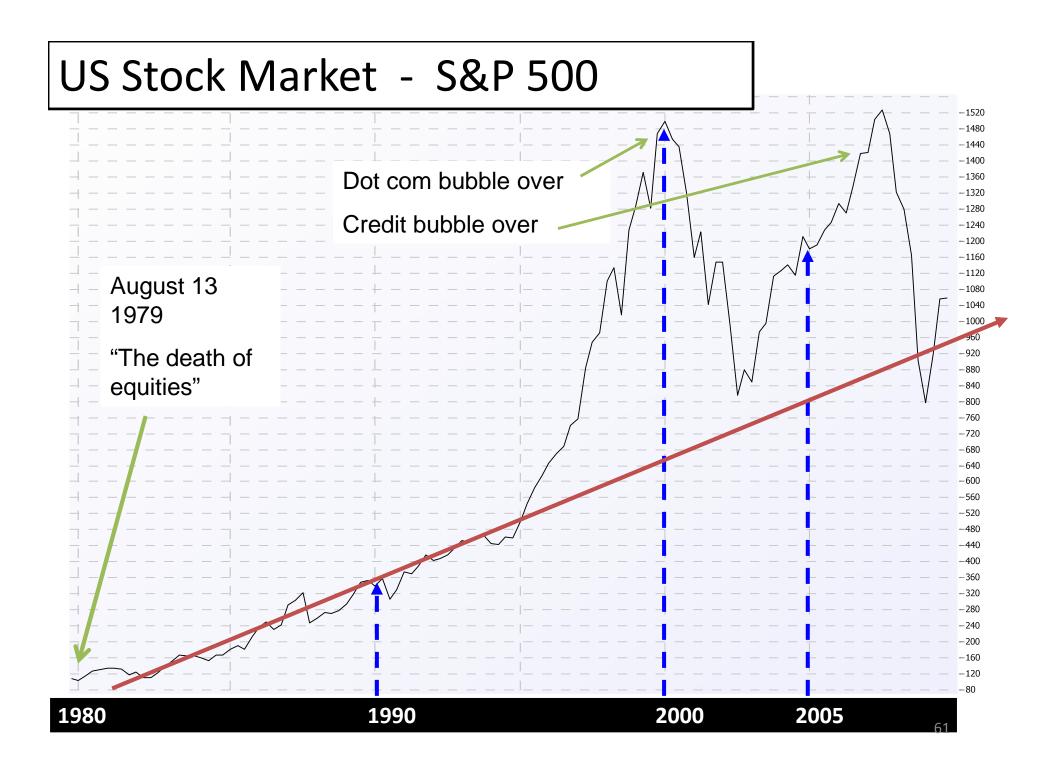
Lower the cost of investing through the use of wholesale pooled funds



HAS ANY GOOD COME OUT OF THE GLOBAL FINANCIAL CRISIS?

August 13 1979
"The death of equities"







Criminals out of circulation





Skilling is serving a 24year sentence -- double that of other Enron convicts -- and will be about 74 years old when he is released.

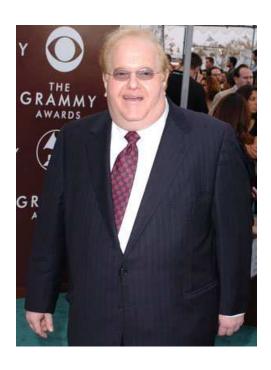
Bernard EbersBuilt Worldcom

Ebers is serving a 25-year sentence for improperly booking \$11b revenue and taking company loans.





Criminals out of circulation

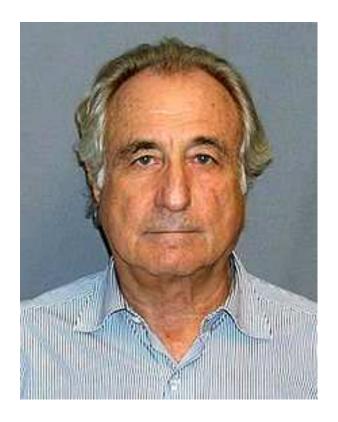


Lou PearlmanPonzi Scheme

25-year sentence

Bernie MadoffMassive Ponzi Scheme

\$65b missing 150 year sentence





Thank you to the shareholders who remain loyal to Premium Investors.

We are motivated more than ever to produce strong earnings and dividends for your investment.



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Please join us for refreshments after we've answered your questions

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