ANZ 2003 Results NBNZ Acquisition Highlights

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John McFarlane

NBNZ Acquisition creates the leading bank in New Zealand

- Purchase price A\$4.915 billion
- ANZ and The National Bank when combined will create:
 - The leading bank in New Zealand
 - One of New Zealand's top three companies
 - Market leadership in all major market segments
- A very different acquisition:
 - Based on customer and growth leveraging the best of both banks
 - Sir John Anderson invited to head the combined company
 - The ANZ and The National Bank brands and branch networks to be maintained
 - No change intended in the total number of branches
 - Built on the foundation of the oldest bank and company in New Zealand
- Head office in Wellington with major office presence in Auckland and other cities
- ANZ may consider partial listing on the NZ Stock Exchange post integration

NBNZ acquisition is transforming for ANZ

- Acquisition an important step in a broader strategy. ANZ is now:
 - The leading bank in New Zealand
 - The leading bank in the South Pacific
 - The leading Australian Bank in Asia
 - Leading positions in Australia:
 - Institutional
 - Corporate
 - Cards
 - Esanda
 - With renewed focus on non-traditional areas of potential:
 - Small to medium business.
 - Mortgages
 - Personal Banking
 - Wealth management

NBNZ Acquisition

Peter Hawkins

Key financial highlights

Purchase price equivalent to A\$4.915 billion at current exchange rates

 Excludes a NZ\$575 million dividend to be paid to Lloyds TSB prior to completion from NBNZ's retained earnings

Total funding by means of:

- 2 for 11 renounceable rights issue at A\$13 per share raising A\$3.570 billion
- A\$1.370 billion of various debt funding

Purchase price equates to 11.2x NBNZ adjusted cash earnings for the year to June 2003

ANZ's current 2003 price/cash earnings multiple around 12x

ANZ's strong capital and AA-/Aa3 credit rating preserved

NBNZ's credit rating to be equalised with ANZ upon completion of acquisition

Estimated operating cost synergies and integration costs

Operating Cost Synergies

Estimated at ~A\$110m pa (before tax) within 3 years

- Expected cost synergies represent around 20% of NBNZ's cost base
 - Cost synergies to be fully phased in by end 2006
- Key areas of cost synergies:
 - Technology
 - Back office functions
 - Head office integration
- Synergies reflect no net branch closures in New Zealand
- Minimal impact in 2004

Integration Costs

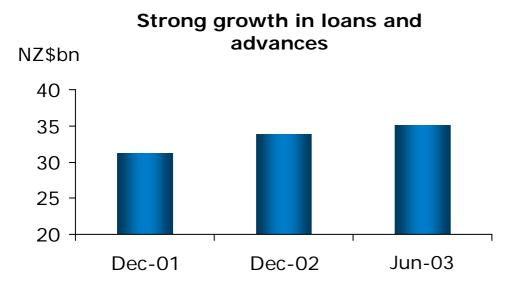
Estimated at ~A\$230m (before tax) over 3 years

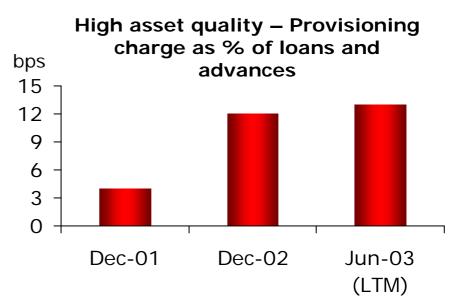
- Key integration cost components:
 - Core and subsidiary IT systems integration
 - Non-branch premises integration
- NBNZ senior management team has a strong track record in managing banking integrations

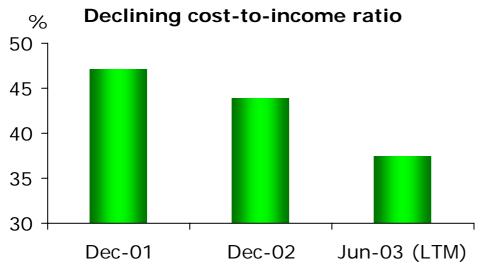
Managing key integration risks

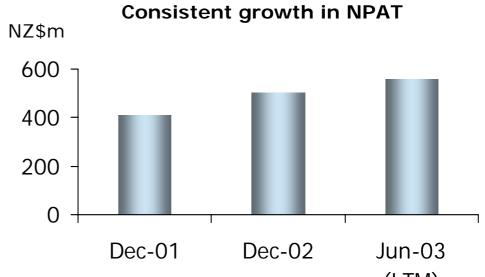
Consideration	Mitigant
Minimise Impact on Customers	 Maintain both brands and both branch networks New Zealand centric retail business model leveraging NBNZ "client-facing" systems for retail, rural and SME Manageable concentration issues in corporate and institutional
People	 Retain the best people from both organisations Maintain headcount in "client-facing" roles
Technology	 A common core technology platform Two year integration period for core systems conversion Leverage expertise in IT integration

NBNZ Group strong track record





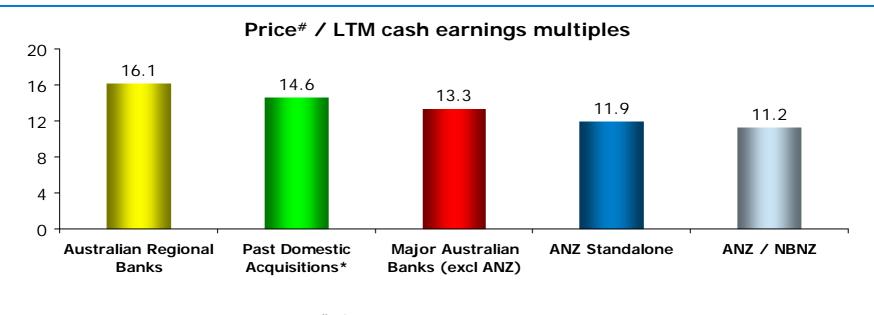


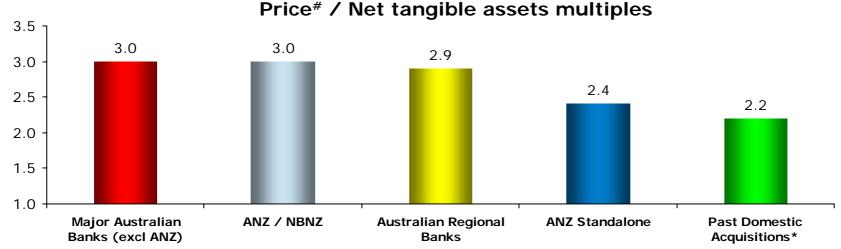


Source: NBNZ Group Financial Reports

(LTM) Page 9

NBNZ purchased at attractive multiple





^{* -} Average of 10 past Australian and New Zealand transactions

^{# -} Price used in calculating LTM cash earnings multiples and NTA multiples for the major Australian banks and the Australian regional banks are 30-day volume weighted average prices as at 23 October 2003

Funding the NBNZ acquisition

Target ACE/RWAs ratio range lowered to 4.75-5.25%

The transaction is to be funded via the following sources:

- Net proceeds of A\$3.570 billion from a 2 for 11 deeply discounted rights issue
- A\$1.370 billion in Hybrid, subordinated and wholesale funding

The size of the equity raising is a function of the goodwill arising on acquisition*

Upon completion:

- ACE ratio of approximately 5.0%
- Tier 1 ratio of approximately 6.7%
- Total capital ratio of approximately 10.2%

Source of Funds				
	A\$m			
Rights issue net proceeds	3,570			
Debt	1,370			
Total	4,940			
Use of Funds				
	A\$m			
Proceeds to Lloyds TSB	4,915			
Transaction costs	25			
Total	4,940			
Goodwill on Acquisition				
	A\$m			
Purchase consideration	4,915			
LESS NTA on acquisition	(1,657)			
Goodwill on acquisition	<i>3,258</i> *			

^{* -} Goodwill will be amortised in line with Australian Accounting Standards

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Results Overview

John McFarlane

Chief Executive Officer

Another Solid Result for ANZ, up 8.3%

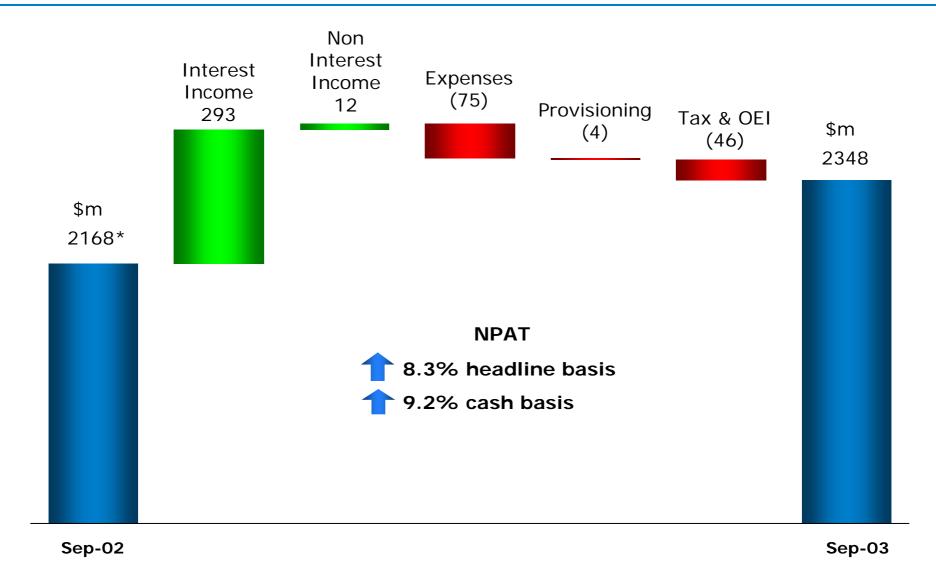
		<u>v Sep 02</u>
• NPAT	\$2,348m	1.1%
• EPS	148.3 cents	1 0.7%
<u>Bef</u>	ore Significant Items	
• NPAT	\$2,348m	1 8.3%
• EPS	148.3 cents	1 8.2%
 Cash EPS 	152.4 cents	1 9.2%
 Dividend 	95 cents	1 11.8%
 Net Specific Provisions 	\$527m	(27.6%)

Results Review

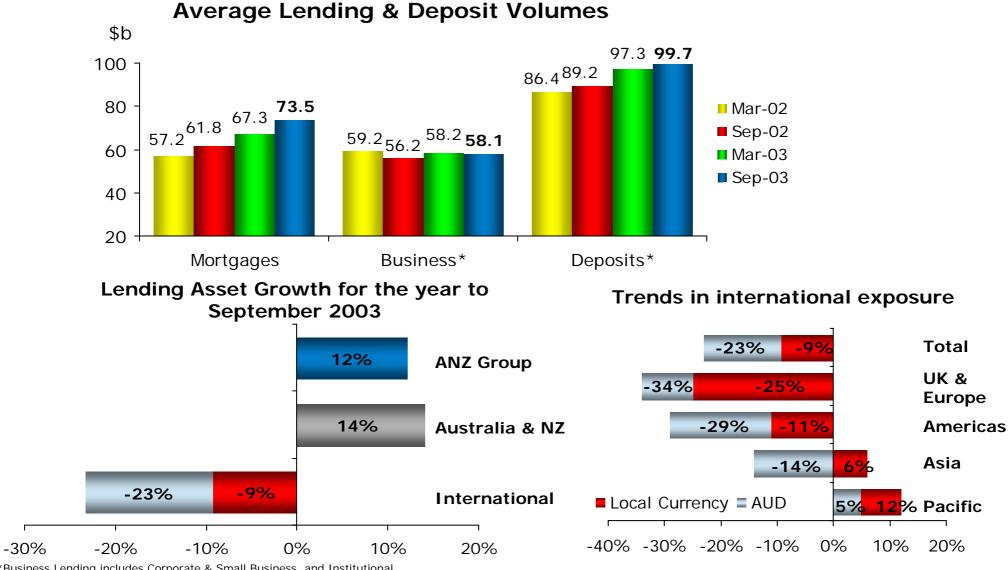
Peter Marriott

Chief Financial Officer

Full year result driven by asset and deposit growth



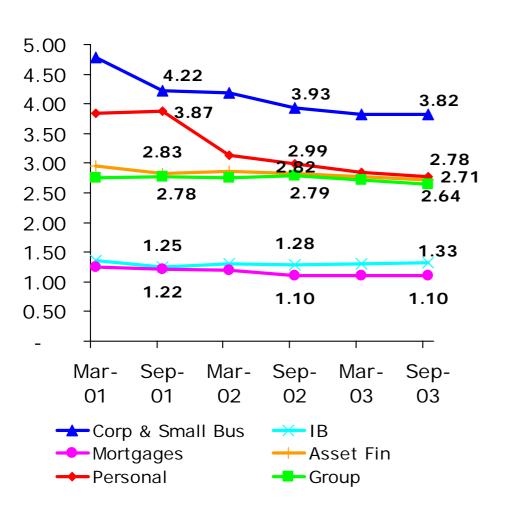
Higher interest income, driven by strong mortgage and deposit growth



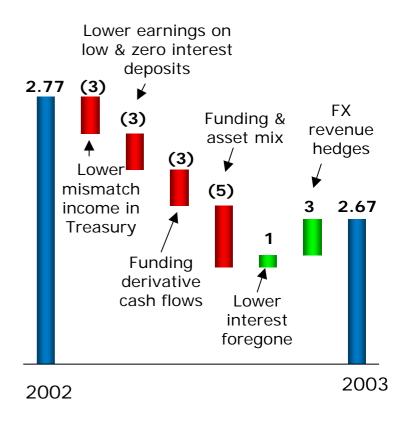
^{*}Business Lending includes Corporate & Small Business, and Institutional Segments. Deposits includes Esanda retail debentures

Margins down, primarily due to yield curve and mix effect

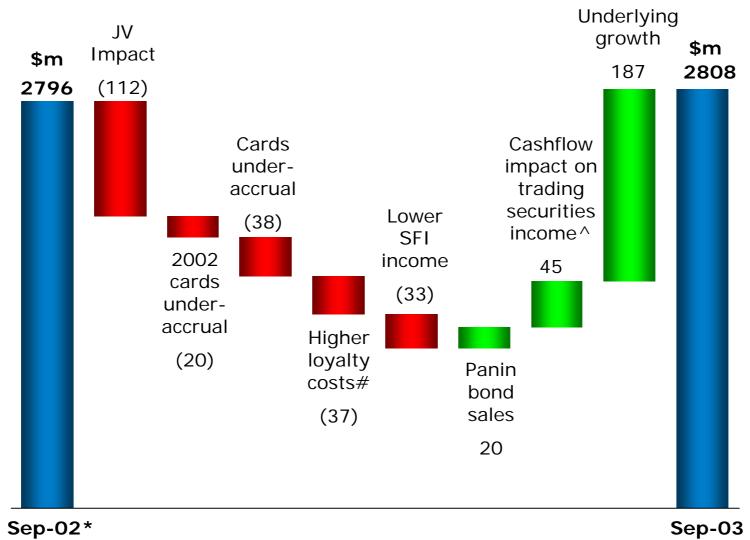
Interest Margins



Margin Drivers

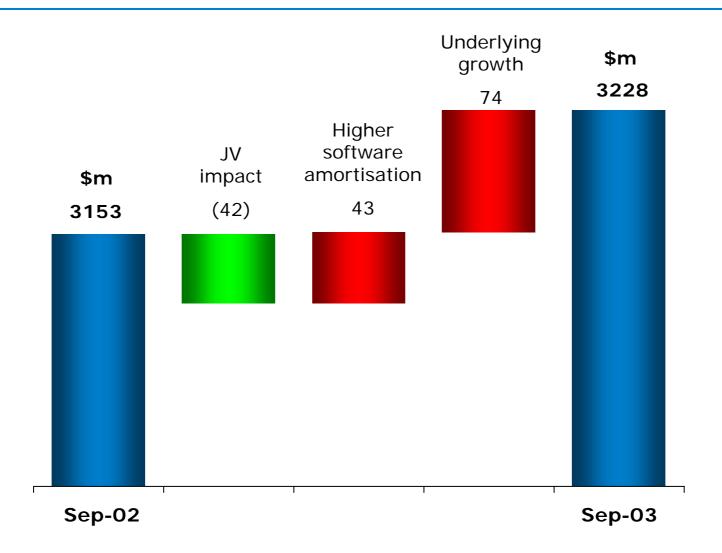


Non interest income impacted by Cards underaccrual and loyalty costs, underlying growth strong

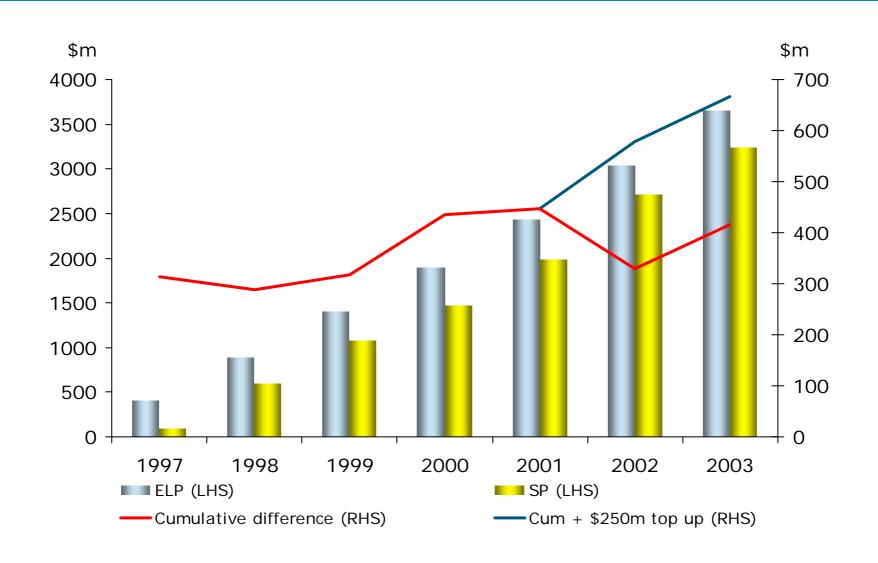


^{*} Sep-02 excludes significant items # excludes volume impact and benefits from repricing ^ refer also Margin Drivers (p8)

Expense growth well controlled

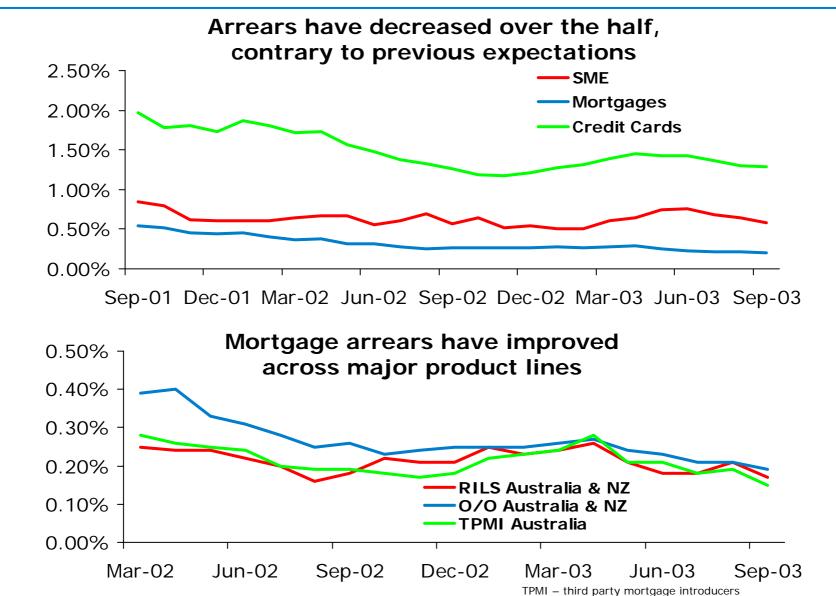


Cumulative ELP balance is well above the specific provision balance



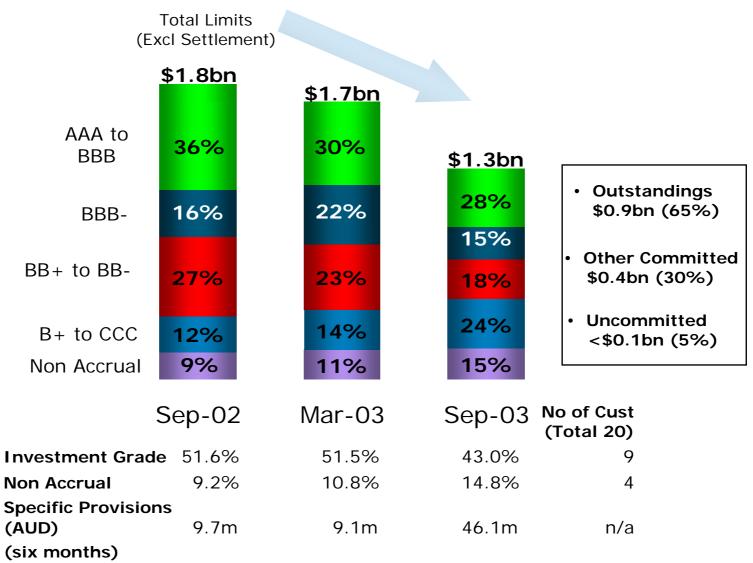
Credit Quality

Consumer & SME portfolios in good shape



O/O - owner occupied

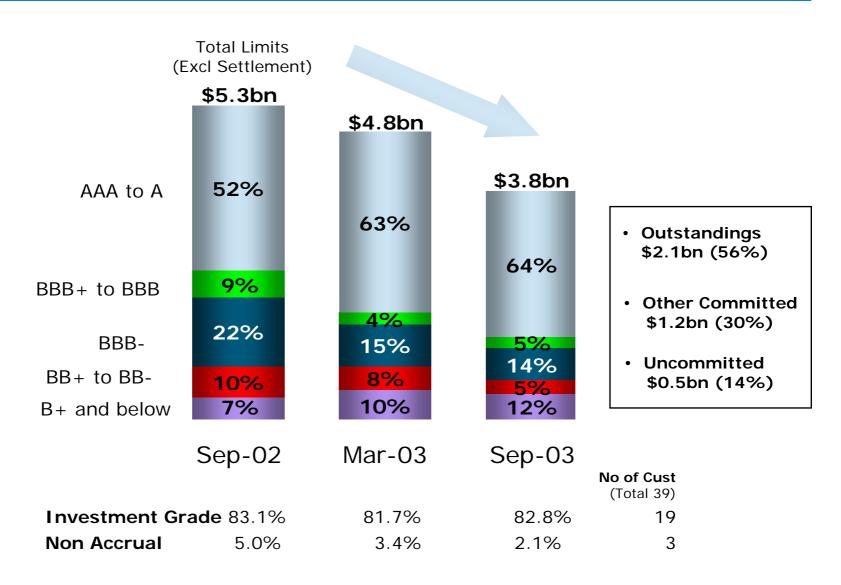
US Energy Portfolio – issues remain, but exposure continues to reduce



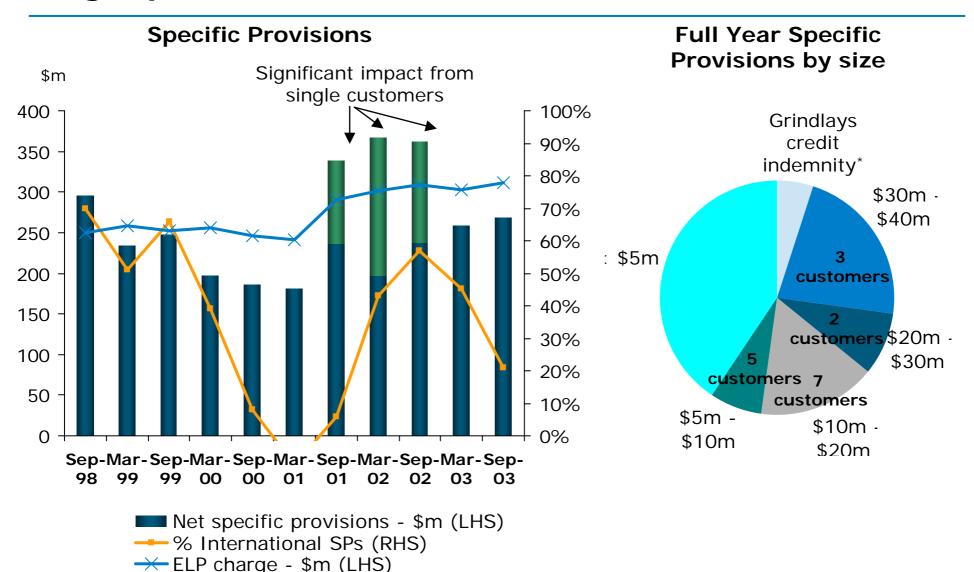
Note:

Includes utilised guarantees and market related products

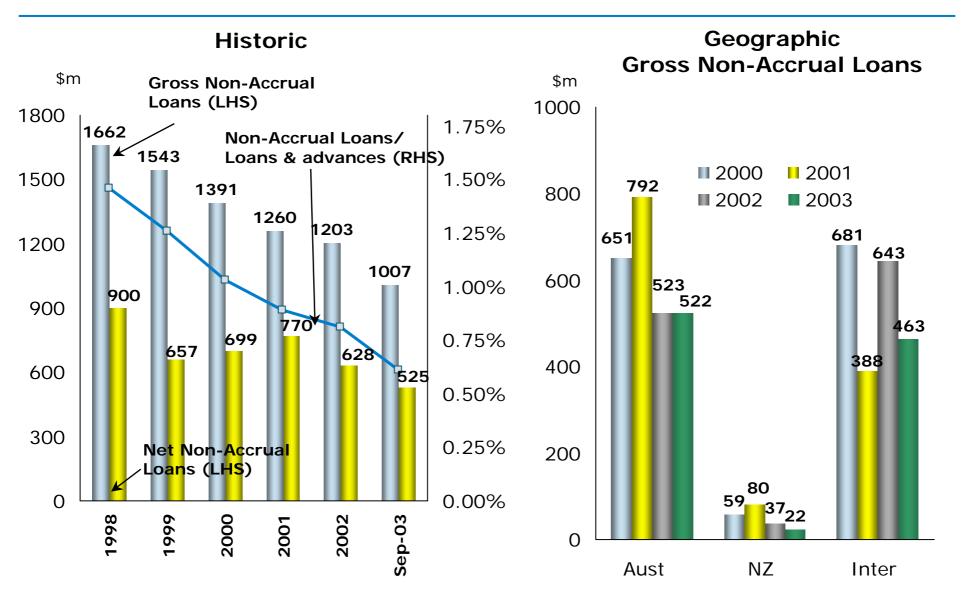
Quality of Group Telco lending book has also improved



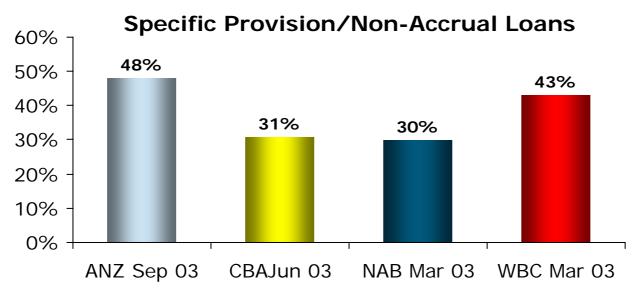
Specific provisions down 28% on 2002- no large single provisions

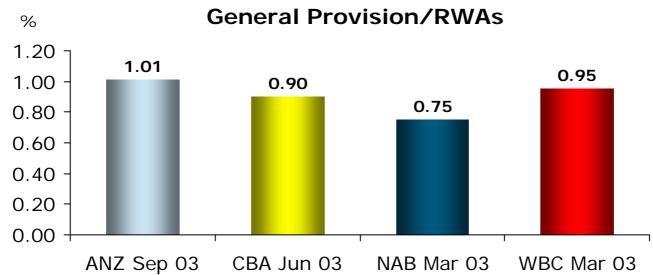


Non-accrual loans continue to fall



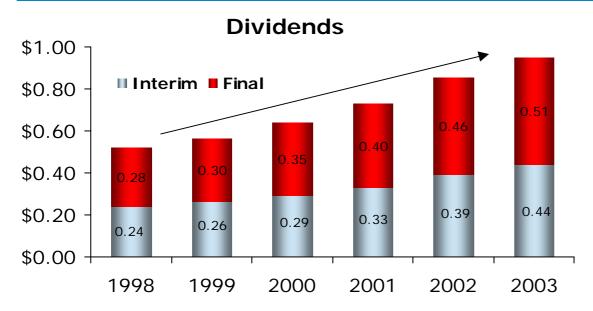
Existing and future problem loans are well provided for

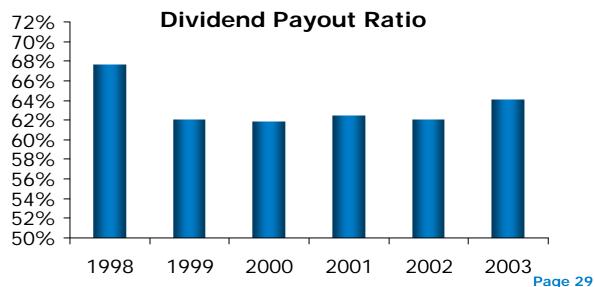




Note:

Healthy dividend growth underlines our commitment towards increasing the payout ratio





Outlook

- We expect ANZ will continue to perform well in a tougher industry environment in 2004
- Growth in net profit after tax for existing ANZ and NBNZ will be moderately below ANZ's growth in 2003 (excluding significant items) based on current economic conditions
- Negative impact on EPS from bonus element of rights issue and integration of NBNZ in 2004
- Adjusting for bonus element of rights issue, in 2004 we expect moderate EPS growth (excluding goodwill, amortization and significant transactions)
- ANZ expects to maintain a dividend of at least 95 cents per share in 2004
- 2004 dividend policy to be fully franked, despite an increasing proportion of the Group's earnings being derived from New Zealand

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