

Important Information



Forward-looking statements

This document contains certain "forward-looking statements". The words "forecast", "estimate", "like", "anticipate", "project", "opinion", "should", "could", "may", "target" and other similar expressions are intended to identify forward looking statements. Indications of, and guidance on, future earnings and financial position and performance are also forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward looking statements. Although due care and attention has been used in the preparation of forward looking statements, opinions and estimates are based on assumptions and contingencies that are subject to change without notice, as are statements about market and industry trends, which are based on interpretations of current market conditions. Forward looking statements including projections, guidance on future earnings and estimates are provided as a general guide only and should not be relied upon as an indication or guarantee of future performance. Other than where required by law, Stanmore does not undertake to publicly update or review any forward-looking statements whether as a result of new information or future events.

No offer of securities

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Reliance on third party information

Any information contained in this presentation that has been derived from publicly available sources (or views based on such information) has not been independently verified. Stanmore does not make any representation or warranty about the accuracy or completeness or reliability of the information.

JORC Code

It is a requirement of the ASX Listing Rules that the reporting of ore reserves and mineral resources in Australia comply with the Joint Ore Reserves Committee's Australasian Code for Reporting of Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves ("JORC Code"). Investors outside Australia should note that while ore reserve and mineral resource estimates of the Company in this document comply with the JORC Code (such JORC Code compliant ore reserves and mineral resources being "Ore Reserves" and "Mineral Resources" respectively), they may not comply with the relevant guidelines in other countries and in particular do not comply with (i) National Instrument 43-101 (Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects) of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("Canadian NI 43-101 Standards"); or SEC Industry Guide 7, which governs disclosures of mineral reserves in registration statements filed with the US Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). You should not assume that quantities reported as "resources" will be converted to reserves under the JORC Code or any other reporting regime or that Stanmore will be able to legally and economically extract them.

Mineral resources and reserves

This presentation contains estimates of Stanmore's ore reserves and mineral resources. The information in this presentation that relates to the ore reserves and mineral resources has been extracted from the ASX release by Stanmore titled "2022 Annual Coal Resources and Reserve Summary" dated 27 February 2023, published as part of the Annual results and financial statements on 27 February 2023 and prepared by Competent Persons in accordance with the requirements of the JORC Code. Copies of these announcements are available at www.asx.com.au.

Stanmore confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in those announcements and, in relation to the estimates of Stanmore's and SMC's ore reserves and mineral resources, that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. Stanmore confirms that the form and context in which the Competent Person's findings are presented have not been materially modified from the relevant announcement.



FY22 Highlights

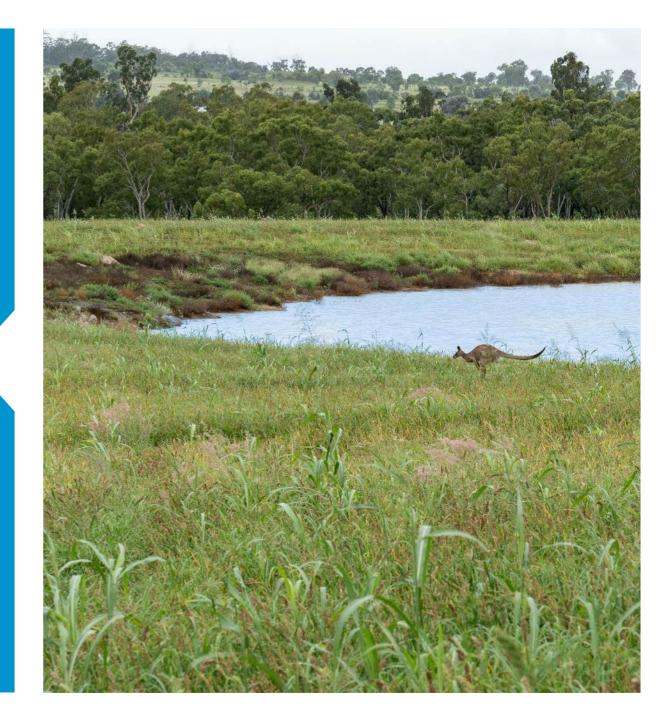


- 15-month injury-free period at the Isaac Plains Complex has continued to support below industry TRIFR¹ safety rates for FY22
- Record production results delivered, within public guidance ranges, with full transition and integration of the SMC⁷ assets, despite unseasonal wet weather
- Operational performance delivered US\$1.46 billion (~A\$2 billion)
 Underlying EBITDA, despite the newly acquired South Walker
 Creek and Poitrel mines being part of the Stanmore portfolio for only eight months of 2022
- US\$1.18 billion operating cash flows facilitated the acquisition of the remaining 20% of SMC⁷ and significant deleveraging, to assist with building balance sheet resilience
- Despite acquiring 100% of SMC during the year, cash on hand as at 31 December 2022 totals US\$432 million and net debt⁵ has reduced to US\$183 million as at year end
- Approximately 245%⁶ return on investment delivered in less than 12-months, based on the March 2022 Share Entitlement Offer Price of A\$1.10/sh

lote:

- 1 Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR), measured per million hours (industry average used is 12 month rolling average)
- 2 100%, fully consolidated figures excluding the Millennium joint venture
- 3 Fully consolidated, with Millennium joint venture (MetRes Pty Ltd) consolidated on an equity accounting basis only
- 4 FY21 comparisons converted using 2021 average AUD/USD of \$0.751 and year-end AUD/USD of \$0.726
- 5 Excluding Lease Liabilities accounted for under AASB 16. Finance Leases and Premia Funding
- 6 As at close of ASX 24 February 2023
- 7 Stanmore SMC Pty Ltd, formerly BHP Mitsui Coal Pty Ltd

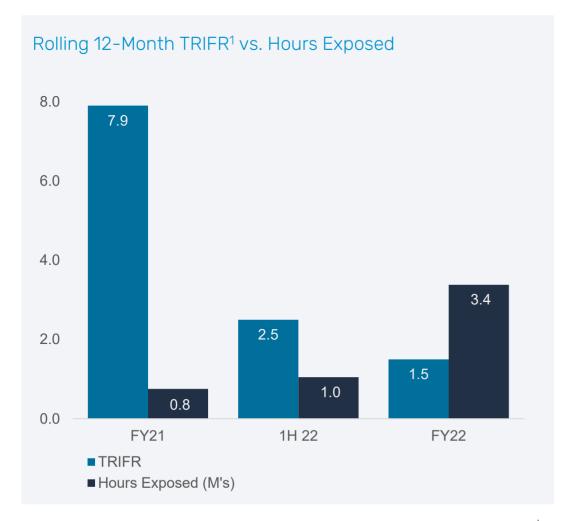
2022 Full Year Health, Safety, Environment and Social Improvement



Health & Safety



15-month ongoing, injury-free period at the Isaac Plains Complex during transition to Isaac Downs







- Stanmore remains committed to safety as its number one priority, striving towards our goal of everybody returning home each day, safe and healthy
- Encouraged by the continued improvement in the TRIFR¹ throughout the full-year, during significant transitional activities at the Isaac Plains Complex and the integration of the SMC assets
- Introduction of the SMC workforce and management has provided opportunities to share key learnings across the business

Note: 1 Total Reportable Injury Frequency Rate (TRIFR), measured per million hours (industry average used is 12 month rolling average)

Stanmore's Sustainability Pathway



Our vision is to be a leading resources company in Australia, creating value through sustainable development

Sustainability Progress

March 2022

Stanmore's first Sustainability Report released

July to September 2022

- Roadmap and charter developed
- Commenced stakeholder needs and expectations assessment

October to December 2022

- Energy and MACC¹ assessments conducted at South Walker Creek and Poitrel
- Analysis of emissions data to define sustainability metrics
- Development and Endorsement of objectives, targets and ESG risk assessment

April 2023

Release of 2022 Sustainability Report

Sustainability Pillars and Materiality Topics

Aligning objectives and targets to our materiality topics

Aligned to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals

ENVIRONMENT

DECARBONISATION

- Greenhouse gas emissions
- Climate adaption, Resilience and Transition

SOCIAL

HEALTH AND SAFETY

- Health and Safety
- Critical incident risk management

GOVERNANCE

GOVERNANCE

- Management of Legal and Regulatory
 Framework
- Forced Labour and Modern Slavery
- Systematic Enterprise-Wide Risk Management

WATER AND WASTE MANAGEMENT

- Water use withdrawal and quality
- Mine waste and tailings

LAND MANAGEMENT AND REHABILITATION

- Closure and Rehabilitation
- Ecological Impacts
- Biodiversity Impacts

WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT AND INCLUSION

Labour practices

WORKING WITH AND SUPPORTING OUR COMMUNITIES

- Economic impacts
- Human rights and community relations
- Local communities
- Rights of indigenous people

Note:

Marginal Abatement Cost Curve

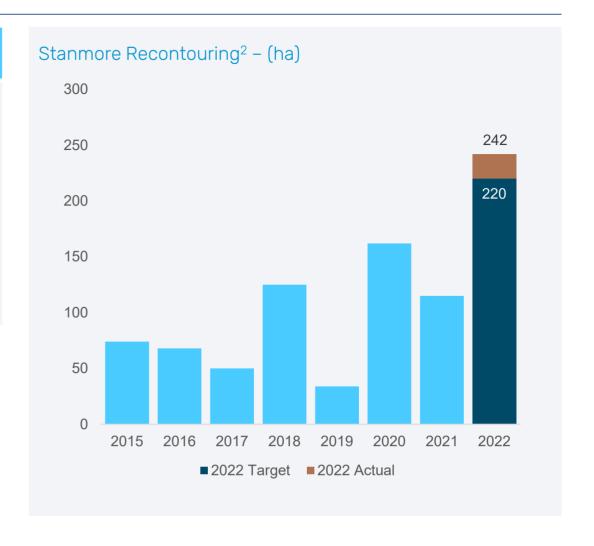
Land Management and Rehabilitation





Alignment to UN SDGs ¹	Objectives	Targets
15 LIFE ON LAND 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION 14 LIFE BELOW WATER	 We will aspire to: Return mine disturbed land to sustainable final land use, working with key stakeholders to establish final land use objectives Accelerate progressive rehabilitation relative to PRCP commitments, where operational opportunities allow 	Progressive Rehabilitation and Closure Plans will be in place for all operational sites by 2024

- The FY22 total recontouring (of mine waste dumps) target of 220ha was exceeded by 22ha
- A total of 270ha have been rehabilitated (i.e. areas recontouring, topsoiled and seeded), consisting of 221ha of recontoured mine waste dumps and 49 ha of ancillary mining areas such as laydowns, roads, etc.



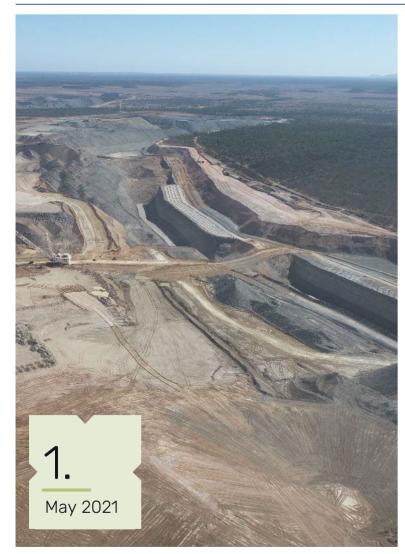
Note: 1 United Nations Sustainable Development Goals

² All sites included for 2022, and only the Isaac Plains Complex for prior years

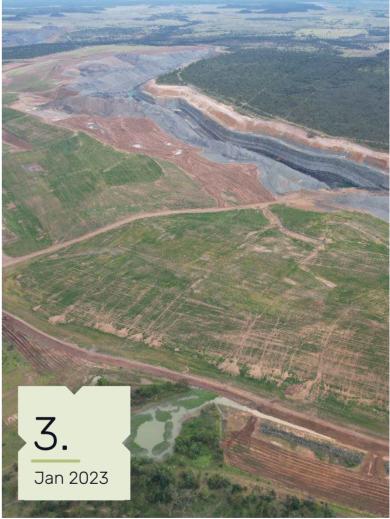
Isaac Plains East Rehabilitation

Significant rehabilitation progress during FY22





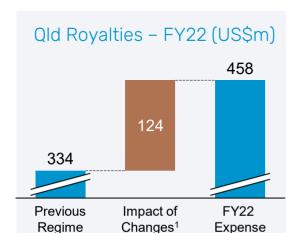




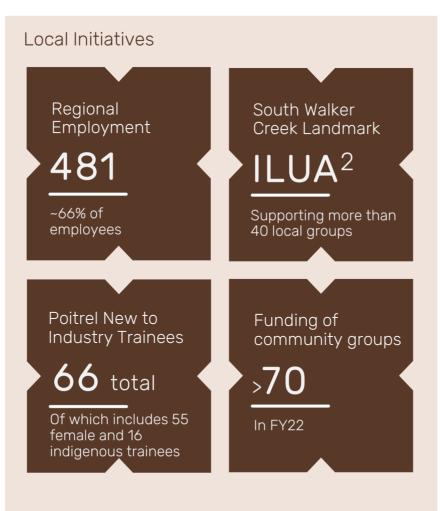
Social Improvement



Committed to making a positive contribution the Isaac Region local community and the Traditional Owners of the land on which we operate



- The Queensland Government announced changes to the coal royalty regime on June 21, 2022, with effect from 1 July, 2022, introducing three progressive royalty tiers in addition to the previous regime
- This resulted in an increase of 36% in the Group's royalty expense for FY22, to a total of US\$458 million, representing a meaningful contribution to the State, and local communities





Note: 1 Based on the previous royalty regime, and calculated using the average AUD/USD from 1 July,2022 to 31 December, 2022 of 0.6706

² Indigenous Land Use Agreement

Operating Mines Performance

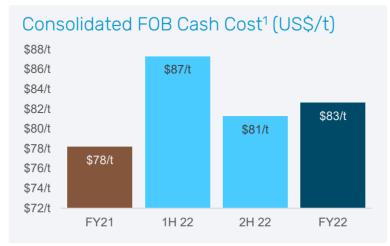


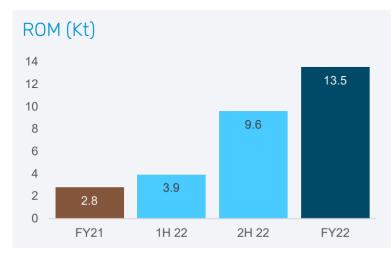
Consolidated Operating Performance Summary

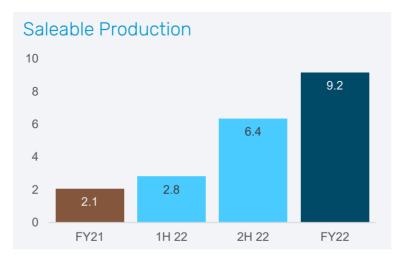












FY22 Highlights

- Operating performance remained robust and within guidance following the integration of SMC, despite multiple instances of unseasonal wet weather and tight labour market conditions
- Record dragline performance at South Walker Creek, high levels of productivity and incremental tonnes mined at Poitrel, and the transition of mining to Isaac Downs resulting in record annual ROM production for the Isaac Plains Complex
- Synergies realised within the first 8-months of SMC ownership, including the processing of 200kt of Isaac Downs ROM production at the nearby Poitrel CHPP
- Continued pressure on input costs driven by global inflationary environment and labour constraints, noting the FOB Cash Cost, which is predominantly incurred in AUD, is subject to changes in the relative strength to the quotation currency of USD

Note: All figures presented on a 100%, fully consolidated basis excluding Millennium joint venture and SMC figures from 3 May, 2022 onwards

1 FOB cash cost per tonne sold, excluding inventory movement and royalties

FY22 Saleable Production¹

3,956_{Kt}

1.005Kt 1H 22

FY22 FOB Cash Cost²

us\$**73.5**/t

US\$76.6/t 1H 22

FY22 Average Selling Price

US\$308/t

US\$435/t 1H 22

South Walker Creek

Stable production maintained with significant capital commitments made to support organic growth

- Acquired as a part of the 80% acquisition of SMC on May 3, 2022, and ownership later consolidated to 100% on October 7, 2022
- Highest annual coal mining, waste stripping and dragline performance on record for the history of the mine
- Continued challenges with unseasonal wet weather during the second half, offset by robust dragline performance to meet the upper bound of H2 22 saleable production guidance
- The Mulgrave Resource Area 2C (MRA2C) approved, with capital expenditure to commence in FY23; the fully permitted project provides access to lower strip ratio and higher yielding/quality ROM volumes
- 7th fleet approved and commissioned to support pre-stripping ahead of the scheduled dragline conversion to AC in FY24, and a bottle-necked CHPP, supporting steady state production, albeit at slightly higher unit costs
- Healthy ROM and in-pit coal inventories at year-end provided a strong position for early 2023 wet weather events.
- Vast optionality to explore competitive value improvement and expansion opportunities to provide incremental volume increase and/or manage continued pressure on input costs

1 Represents 100% of saleable production, from 3 May, 2022 onwards

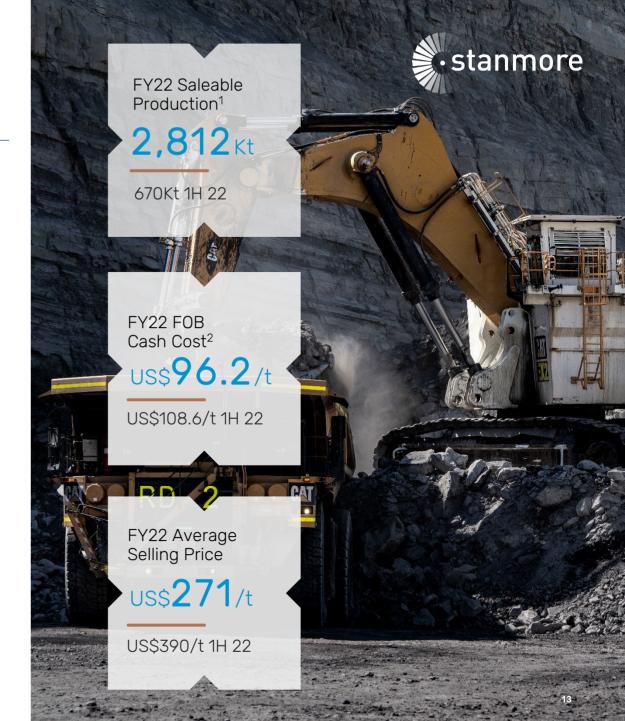
2 FOB cash cost per tonne sold, excluding inventory movement and royalties

stanmore

Poitrel

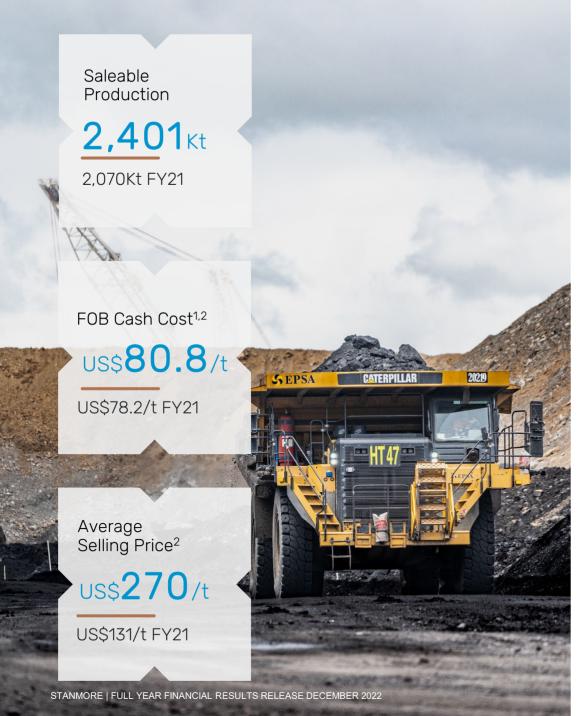
Above run-rate production from strong operational productivity and opportunistic mining of incremental volumes

- Acquired as a part of the 80% acquisition of SMC on May 3, 2022, and ownership later consolidated to 100% on October 7, 2022
- Multiple monthly records set following the initial acquisition, including record stripping, coal mining and shipping in June, August and November 2022 respectively
- Commenced the mining and processing of two seams (Vermont 2/3 (V23) and Vermont Lower) at very low incremental strip ratios and without delay to in-pit sequencing, to benefit from available capacity at the CHPP
- Global inflationary cost pressures continued to have a marginally higher impact to the cost of consumables, such as diesel, explosives, parts, electricity and labour, with impact to full year FOB cash cost offset by strong production and sales run-rate, as well as continued optimisation of the mine's operating model and supplier base
- Additional excavator fleet commissioned to maintain production whilst the northern section of the mine (Ramp 10) is transitioned via a box-cut across a fault over the next 24 months, which will be capitalised for accounting purposes
- Key operational synergies realised, including the processing of 200kt of feed coal from the Isaac Plains Complex



¹ Represents 100% of saleable production, from 3 May, 2022 onwards

² EOR cash cost per tonne sold, excluding inventory movement and revaltie



Isaac Plains Complex



Mining successfully transitioned to Isaac Downs, lower strip ratio supporting operating margins

- Transitional year for the Isaac Plains Complex, with the move to the Isaac Downs, change in Mining Services contracts and a change in the operating model of the CHPP to owner-operated
- A one-year injury free period was achieved on November 27, 2022, a remarkable outcome considering the significant amount of transitional activities
- Substantial rehabilitation was completed during the year, including 212 hectares at Isaac Plains East and 48 hectares between Isaac Plains and Isaac Downs
- Record annual ROM production was achieved despite multiple instances of unseasonal wet weather, which were partly offset by the introduction of an additional fleet in 4Q 22
- A record monthly CHPP throughput of 356k was achieved in December following upgrades completed in November to upgrade feed rate from 500 tonnes per hour to 600 tonnes per hour
- Operation well positioned to continue strong production by leveraging increased processing capacity from the upgraded CHPP and spare capacity at Poitrel

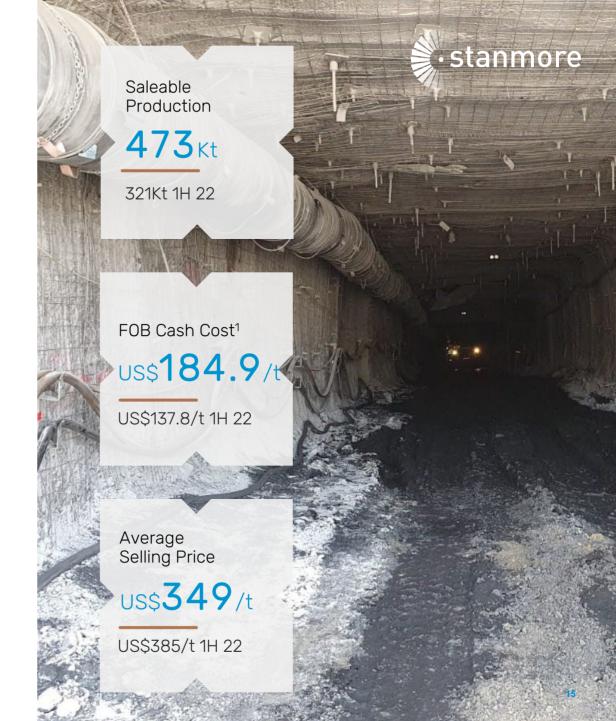
1 FOB cash cost per tonne sold, excluding inventory movement and royalt.

2 FY21 comparisons converted using 2021 average AUD/USD of \$0.751

Millennium Complex (MetRes JV)²

FY22 EBITDA of US\$59 million has provided a strong foundation for the transition to underground operations in 2023

- Millennium contributed US\$20 million of NPAT to Stanmore's EBITDA at 50% (FY21 loss of US\$2 million)
- This contribution was built from US\$59 million underlying stand-alone EBITDA³ on a 100% basis for MetRes Pty Ltd
- Millennium is currently operating as a conventional open-cut truck and shovel operation, combined with auger mining from available highwalls
- Preparation and construction of the Mavis underground mine is continuing. Flood damage to the fan foundation in late FY22 and geological variations has delayed the first development coal, now expected in 2H 23
- Additional drilling is now occurring to allow greater control and correlation between seismic interpretation and existing boreholes of geological model
- Millennium's underground exploration program commenced in 2H 22
- Nil debt outstanding as at Dec 2022, with underground capital expenditure currently fully funded from operating cash flows



lote: 1 FOB cash cost per tonne sold, excluding inventory movement and royalties

2 Non-managed operation shown on a 100% basis (50% ownership) and equity accounted

3 Non-IFRS financial information, unaudited management accounts as at 31 December 2022

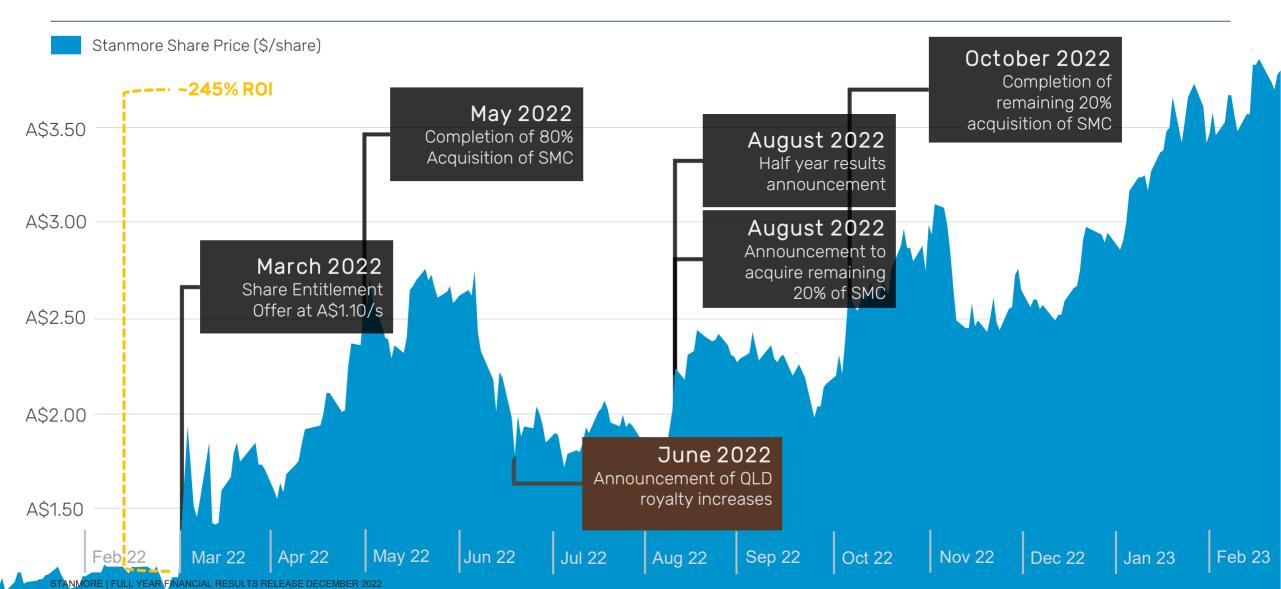
2022 Full Year Financial Results



2022, an Acquisitive Journey



A transformative year with the acquisition of 100% of the SMC assets



Financial Highlights



The Group capitalised on additional volumes from SMC and price tailwinds to deliver record financial results

Revenue^{1,2}

US\$2,699m

US\$284m FY21

Underlying FBITDA^{1,2}

US\$1,456m

US\$34m FY21

Operating Cash flow^{1,2}

US\$1,182m

US\$96m FY21

Cash on Hand

US\$432m

US\$46m FY21

Net Debt³

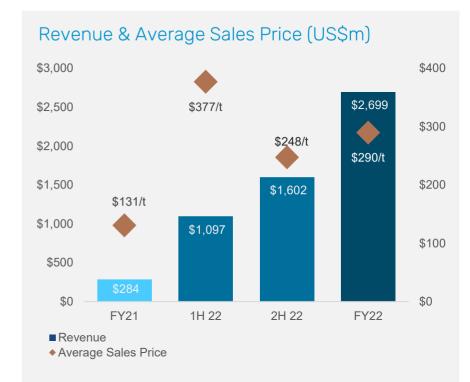
US\$183m

US\$22m FY21

Earnings per Share

83.9 USD cps

Vs. 2.6 USD cps FY21



Full year EBITDA increase primarily driven by sustained higher pricing compared to FY21 and stable saleable production of the acquired SMC assets through, and following, integration

- 1 All figures are fully consolidated, with Millennium joint venture (MetRes Pty Ltd) consolidated on an equity accounting basis
- 2 FY21 comparisons converted using 2021 average AUD/USD of \$0.751 and year-end AUD/USD of \$0.726
- 3 Excluding Lease Liabilities accounted for under AASB 16. Finance Leases and Premia Funding
- Based on closing share price as of the 24th February 2023

Note:

Financial Performance



Increase in Underlying EBITDA resulting in substantial earnings for shareholders

Twelve Months Ended December 31 (US\$m)	2022	2021
Revenue	2,699	284
Expenses	(1,243)	(250)
Underlying EBITDA	1,456	34
Underlying EBITDA Margin	54%	12%
Depreciation & Amortisation	(226)	(20)
Non-Operating Adjustments ¹	(336)	0
Profit / (Loss) Before Income Tax & Finance Expenses	894	14
Net Finance Costs	(85)	(4)
Income Tax Expense	(82)	(4)
Profit / (Loss) for the Twelve Months		7
Basic Earnings per Share (cents/share)	83.9	2.6

FY22 Highlights

- Total revenue reflective of the strong metallurgical coal market conditions observed through-out FY22, with the average achieved sales price increasing by US\$159 per tonne year on year
- Together with the addition of saleable production from the lowcost SMC assets, the Group has delivered record margins and Underlying EBITDA of over five times the closing FY21 market capitalisation
- Underlying EBITDA has been adjusted to remove US\$336 million of Non-Operating Adjustments¹, primarily related to an inventory revaluation adjustment required for accounting purposes as a part of the 80% acquisition
- Earnings per share increased by 81.3 USD cps year-on-year, notwithstanding the issuance of an additional ~631 million shares

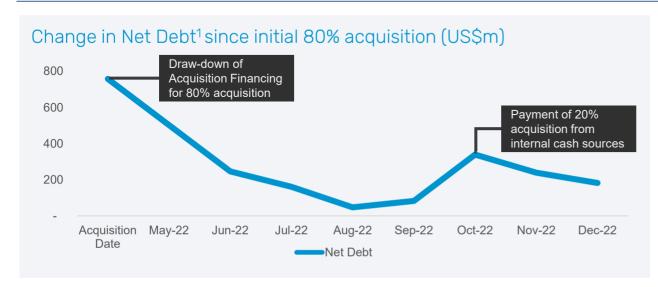
Non-Operating Adjustments includes: inventory adjustment totalling US\$227.4 million based on net realisation value as at May 3, 2022 (at elevated coal
prices); and once off transition costs associated with the acquisitions, totalling US\$108.3 million, such as government stamp duty, due diligence,
advisorv. transition and integration costs.

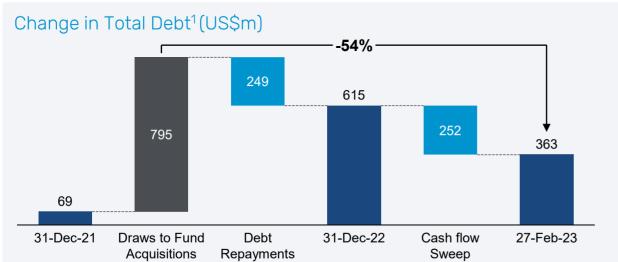
^{2.} All figures are fully consolidated, with Millennium joint venture (MetRes Pty Ltd) consolidated on an equity accounting basis

Cash flow, Debt & Liquidity



Operating cash flows supported the consolidation of SMC ownership to 100% and deleveraging





FY22 Highlights

- Cash generation during a period of record coal prices supporting modest closing net debt¹ position of US\$183 million, despite US\$795 million in debt drawdowns to support SMC acquisition related payments
- Stanmore maximised its opportunities to deleverage the balance sheet, including the repayment and cancellation of the US\$50 million bridge facility and ~US\$190 million in voluntary repayments of general revolving credit facilities
- Total closing liquidity of US\$656 million, comprised of US\$432 million in cash (before cash flow sweep) and US\$224 million in available debt facilities
- First annual cash flow sweep of US\$252 million paid in February 2023, which together with the remaining debt repayments has eliminated 54% of the Group's FY22 peak debt
- Overall balance sheet resilience established to provide a strong platform heading into FY23

Note: 1 Excluding Lease Liabilities accounted for under AASB 16, Finance Leases and Premia Funding

Capital Management



Stanmore is committed to building a disciplined capital management strategy

- 1. Value Protection
 Sustain & optimise the operations with a disciplined approach to capital outlay
- 2. Balance Sheet Resilience
 Deleverage our balance sheet and retain committed available liquidity and borrowing capacity
- 3. Shareholder Returns

 Maximise shareholder returns through a disciplined approach to generating shareholder value and distributions
- 4. Additional Capital Investment and Returns
 Deploy surplus cash flow to organic growth opportunities, value accretive M&A and supplemental shareholder returns

FY22 Highlights



US\$249 million in deleveraging activities and US\$252 million annual debt sweep paid in February 2023, supporting target net cash position in 1H 23



Capital appreciation of 245% since March-22 equity raise, delivered in under one year since the closing of the SMC acquisition



US\$1,620 million¹ in M&A related activities to acquire 100% of the world-class SMC assets

Including the total nominal consideration of US\$1,350 million for the acquisition of BHP's 80% interest in BMC; US\$270 million to complete the acquisition of Mitsui's 20% remaining interest in SMC; and excluding the US\$110 million dividend paid to Mitsui (reflecting their 20% interest in SMC at the time of declaration and payment) prior to acquisition

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FY22 Dividend Determination

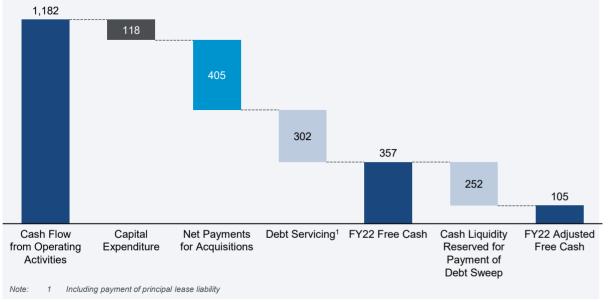


No final dividend declared for FY22 to assist with further strengthening on the balance sheet

Current Dividend Policy

Stanmore will target distributing 50% of available free cash of the parent entity defined as net cash flow from operating activities less capital expenditure and debt servicing (including interest and principal repayments) of the consolidated group and after allowing for sufficient liquidity required by the business. The Board will also consider additional shareholder returns in circumstances where surplus free cash is available. All dividend payments remain at the discretion of the board

FY22 Adjusted Free Cash (US\$m)



- The Board has made the decision not to declare a dividend at this time following careful consideration of its current dividend policy
- Free cash flow from operations, net of capital expenditure totalled US\$1,064 million in FY22. This cash flow was put to work in funding the acquisition of SMC from BHP and Mitsui (net cashflows including proceeds from debt and equity raises of US\$405 million) and in debt servicing¹ activities (US\$302 million)
- Retaining cash for the acquisition financing cash sweep paid in February 2023 (US\$252 million), free cash flow after debt service of US\$105 million is available in relation to 2022 to fund a potential dividend
- Notwithstanding this, the Board considers retaining this cash within the business is appropriate at this time to assist with strengthening the balance sheet after a period of busy M&A and rapid deleveraging

Priorities & Outlook FY23 and beyond



Strategic Priorities



Supportive market fundamentals to position Stanmore to deliver on its strategic priorities

Improvement

Replacement

Expansion

Greenfield

South Walker Creek

O Isaac Plains Complex

Exploration/Other

☐ Poitrel

Strategic Priorities

1.

Optimise operating assets

which are operating at historical steady state run rates (expected to be maintained on a portfolio basis) whilst opportunities to unlock value and realise synergies are continually assessed

2.

Assess organic opportunities

within the three de-risked operating assets for incremental production and de-bottling and within Stanmore's competitive portfolio of development projects

3.

Identify and pursue growth

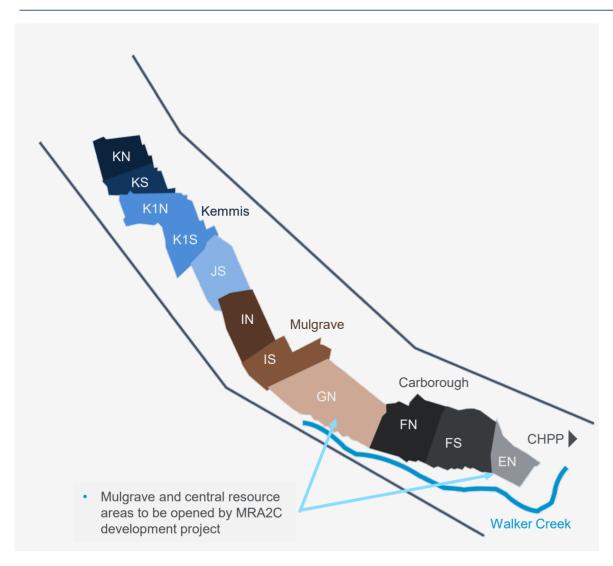
Continuing to focus on high quality metallurgical coal assets and sustainable development to create meaningful social, environmental and economic value

Project Pipeline Exploration Development Operations Isaac Plains MRA2C creek Bee Pit-5 Creek diversion Dragline AC Isaac Plains Nebo West upgrade Underground Kemmis Poitrel R10 Isaac South North box-cut Poitrel eastern Poitrel Extension levee Wards Well Site Type

Mulgrave Resource Area 2C (MRA2C)



South Walker Creek resource development project to open low strip ratio mining & enable future growth



Project Highlights

- Access to high quality, low strip ratio coal for an extended period adding 58Mt ROM (40Mt PCI product)
- Increases dragline strike length and reduces pit intensity
- Close proximity to infrastructure, providing a shorter haulage compared to northern pits
- Enables future mine expansion, subject to increased processing capacity and environmental approvals
- Provides low cost profile to further de-risk the asset and establish resilience for various market cycles

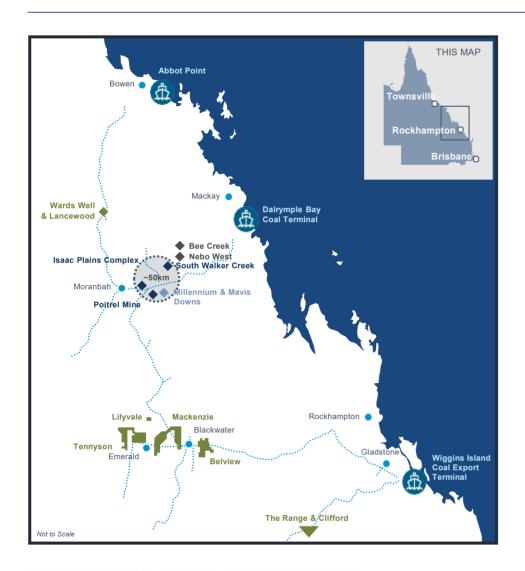
Key components of capital expenditure

- Walker creek diversion of approximately 8.5km and installation of ~7km flood protection levees
- 66KVa powerline relocation
- Water infrastructure connections
- Construction of an alternative mine affected water storage location
- Total expected capital expenditure of A\$183 million over 2023-2025, with robust economic returns and short pay back based on conservative pricing assumptions

Substantial Controlled Reserves and Resources Base



Total Coal Resource of >4Bn tonnes provides vast exploration and development opportunity



Stanmore JORC¹ Mineral Reserves – 100% Basis (Mt) ²

	Proved	Probable	Total
South Walker Creek	162	20	182
Isaac Plains Complex	30	9	39
Poitrel	26	18	44
The Range Opencut	-	118	118
Total Coal Reserves	218	164	382

Stanmore JORC¹ Mineral Resources – 100% Basis (Mt) ²

	Measured	Indicated	Inferred	Total
South Walker Creek	254	303	123	679
Isaac Plains Complex	72	43	48	163
Poitrel	57	45	47	149
Surat Basin Complex (The Range & Clifford)	18	387	511	916
Wards Well & Lancewood	547	769	101	1,417
Belview	-	50	280	330
Mackenzie	-	26	117	143
Bee Creek & Nebo West	-	9	84	94
Tennyson	-	-	140	140
Lilyvale	-	-	33	33
Total Coal Resources	948	1,632	1,484	4,064

Note:

All Resource and Reserve estimates were prepared in compliance with the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (The JORC Code - 2012 Edition) and the Australian Guidelines for the Estimating and Reporting of Coal Resources (2012 Edition)

² Stanmore mineral reserves and resources per "December 2022 Annual Coal Resources and Reserves Summary" released to the ASX on 27 February 2023

Metallurgical Coal Markets and Outlook



Market conditions underpinned by significant global events driving demand during ongoing supply constraints

FY22 in Review

- Metallurgical coal pricing continued to perform strongly through 2022, albeit with a high level of volatility with a range of US\$190 per tonne to US\$670 per tonne for Premium Low Vol HCC FOB Australia
- 1H 22 metallurgical coal pricing was well supported from demand side from recovery post COVID and elevated steel pricing
- With the Russian invasion of Ukraine, supply from the second largest seaborne exporter of PCI became uncertain through policy restrictions, resulting in a strengthening of PCI relativities
- For the final quarter of 2022, supply performance from multiple key exporting countries continued to underperform, supporting metallurgical coal pricing
- Throughout 2022, energy pricing provided strong support to metallurgical coal prices, with an arbitrage open for a significant amount of time enticing marginal coals to switch into thermal markets

Outlook and Guidance

- Australian supply performance should recover and as the wet season risk abates through 2Q 23, potentially resulting in some price normalisation after the supply driven headwinds in early 2023
- The reopening of the Chinese economy presents a potential upside to demand for seaborne metallurgical coal, subject to the supply and pricing of domestic metallurgical coal, recovery of domestic construction/real estate sector and the global growth outlook
- Steel demand expected to remain prone to downstream supply chain disruption or subdued end user demand as a result of global inflationary pressures and weakening economic conditions in some regions
- Installation of blast furnaces continues, primarily in South East Asia and India, supporting a net increase in seaborne demand for metallurgical coal in the long term
- Due to GEAR Transactions¹, which regulates any forecast statements released by the GEAR group (which Stanmore is a part of), Stanmore will not be providing earnings guidance at this time



otes: 1 Refer ASX Release for further det

2 S&P Global Commodity Insights Platts Premium Low Vol HCC FOB Australia Low Vol PCI FOB Australia indices: 3 Jan 2022 to 23 Feb 2023' s&P Global Commodity Insights. ©2023 by S&P Global Inc.

